



**The Executive Office**  
**Public Polling on COVID-19**  
**(Survey 3 of 3)**

24 July 2020



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T: **Irrelevant &**  
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## Executive Summary

The Northern Ireland Executive commissioned Social Market Research (SMR) to undertake public opinion polling on COVID-19. This survey is the second in a series of three surveys and presents the results from a representative sample of 500 Northern Ireland adults using an online panel methodology. The survey was conducted independently by Social Market Research (SMR) and in accordance with the ISO20252 Standard.

### Key Findings

#### Performance of the NI Executive in Dealing with the COVID-19 Pandemic

- 77% believe that the Northern Ireland Executive is performing either very well or quite well in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic (quite or very badly, 18%) **[survey 1, 73% very well or well: survey 2, 76% very well or well - differences between surveys not statistically significant]**
- 73% believe that the First Minister is performing either very well or quite well in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic (quite or very badly, 19%) **[survey 1, 67% very well or well: survey 2, 75% very well or well - statistically significant difference between surveys with survey 1 figure lower compared with surveys 2 and 3]**
- 42% believe that the Deputy First Minister is performing either very well or quite well in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic (quite or very badly, 45%) **[survey 1, 62% very well or well: survey 2, 66% very well or well - statistically significant difference between surveys with survey 3 figure significantly lower compared with surveys 1 and 2]**

#### Measures being put in Place by the NI Executive and Information Provision by NI Executive

- 72% believe that the NI Executive is putting in place the right measures in response to Coronavirus **[survey 1, 72%: survey 2, 72% - no difference between surveys]**
- 73% believe they are getting the information they need from the NI Executive **[survey 1, 74%: survey 2, 76% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]**
- 70% believe the information they are getting from the NI Executive is accurate **[survey 1, 71%: survey 2, 69% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]**
- 68% trust the information they are getting from the NI Executive **[survey 1, 68%: survey 2, 66% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]**
- 70% are confident the NI Executive has a clear plan to ease the lockdown and get the country back to normal **[survey 1, 69%: survey 2, 70% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]**
- 40% are content with the relaxation measures the NI Executive have put in place (47% believe the Executive have relaxed the restrictions too quickly and 8% believe that the Executive have been too slow in relaxing measures) **[survey 1, content, 43%: too quickly, 36%: too slowly, 15%: survey 2, content, 45%: too quickly, 40%: too slowly, 10%: - statistically significant difference with a greater number of respondents in survey 3 saying the NI Executive have relaxed the restrictions too quickly]**
- 87% say they have strictly followed social distancing rules for the last week **[survey 1, 91%: survey 2, 87% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]**

#### Supporting the Economy to Exit Lockdown

- 60% are confident that businesses and public services will be given the tools and resources they need to get the country back to normal safely **[survey 1, 63%: survey 2, 59% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]**
- 53% believe that the NI Executive have the right balance between protecting the economy and healthcare (19% believe there should be more emphasis on protecting the economy and 24% feel there



should be more emphasis on healthcare) *[survey 1, right balance, 49%: favour economy, 20%; favour healthcare, 19%: survey 2, right balance, 48%: favour economy, 16%; favour healthcare, 24% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]*

- 66% are confident that the Northern Ireland Executive is putting in place the right measures to support the economy *[survey 1, 62%: survey 2, 64% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]*

### Supporting the Health Service

- 79% are confident that the health service in Northern Ireland is able to cope with the outbreak *[survey 1, 83%: survey 2, 84% - difference between surveys statistically significant with proportionately fewer respondents in survey 3 confident that the health service in Northern Ireland is able to cope with the outbreak]*
- 68% are confident that the Northern Ireland Executive put the right measures in place to deal with coronavirus in the health and social care service *[survey 1, 69%: survey 2, 67% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]*
- 49% believe that the NI Executive is doing enough to provide Personal Protective Equipment (or PPE) for health staff (33% do not and 18% are undecided) *[survey 1, doing enough, 45%: not doing enough, 34%: unsure, 21%: survey 2, doing enough, 44%: not doing enough, 32%: unsure, 24% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]*

### Testing and Contact Tracing

- 35% believe that the NI Executive is putting enough resources into testing (41% said they are not and 24% are undecided) *[survey 1, yes 39%: no, 38%: unsure, 23%: survey 2, yes 35%: no, 42%: unsure, 23% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]*
- 52% of respondents said they would download an app for contact tracing (29% would not and 19% were undecided) *[survey 1, yes 46%: no, 32%: unsure, 22%: survey 2, yes 45%: no, 35%: unsure, 20% - the difference between surveys is statistically significant with proportionately more respondents in survey 3 reporting that they would download a contact tracing app]*

### Opening and Using Different Services including Intentions Regarding Holidays this Year

- Using an importance scale of 0-10 (0=not at all important: 10=very important), respondents scored the importance of opening a range of services relatively low, with the highest average importance score recorded for churches (4.6 out of 10) and hairdressers (4.6). The lowest recorded score was for the importance of opening bars (3.6 out of 10) *[note that the 'opening' importance scores for all services were significantly lower in survey 1 compared with surveys 2 and 3]*
- 16% said they are likely to take a flight before September of this year, with 84% saying they are unlikely to do so *[survey 1, 17% likely to take a flight: survey 2, 13% likely to take a flight - differences between surveys not statistically significant]*
- 35% said they will holiday at home this year, 9% abroad, 5% at home and abroad, and 44% said they will not holiday at all this year *[survey 1, 35% at home: 12% abroad: 4% home and abroad: 41% will not holiday this year: survey 2, 42% at home: 11% abroad: 3% home and abroad: 37% will not holiday this year - difference between surveys statistically significant with a greater proportion of survey 2 respondents saying they will holiday at home this year whereas survey 3 respondents were more likely to say they will not holiday this year]*

### Changing Things for the Better Following COVID-19

- Staying in contact with family and friends (10%), togetherness / improved community spirit (6%) and better funding for the health service (6%) were the most common suggestions when asked what single thing they would like to see changed for the better following Coronavirus *[findings are consistent with surveys 1 and 2]*



### Furloughed Employees

- 35% of employees said they have been furloughed by their employer **[survey 1, 36%: survey 2, 35% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]**
- Among furloughed employees with school-aged children, and with childminding needs, 61% have childminding arrangements in place should they need to return to work, with 39% saying they do not have childminding arrangements in place **[survey 1, 54% had childminding arrangements in place and 46% had not: survey 2, 60% had childminding arrangements in place and 40% had not - differences between surveys not statistically significant]**

### Working from Home During the Pandemic

- 51% of non-furloughed employees said they have been able to work from home during the pandemic **[survey 1, 60%: survey 2, 52% - differences between surveys not statistically significant]**
- 70% of those able to work from home said they would like to continue to be able to work from home (19% said they would not and 11% were unsure) **[survey 1, 76% would like to continue to work from home: 20% would not: 5% unsure: survey 2, 73% would like to continue to work from home: 19% would not: 8% unsure - differences between surveys not statistically significant]**

## 1. Introduction

In May 2020, the Northern Ireland Executive commissioned Social Market Research (SMR) to undertake polling on public opinion on COVID-19. This report presents the findings from the third in a series of three polls conducted.

### 1.1 Survey Focus and Content

The survey included questions on:

- The Northern Ireland Executive's response to COVID-19
- Provision and accuracy of information provided by the NI Executive
- Confidence in the NI Executive's planning and response to COVID-19
- Balance between protecting the economy and healthcare
- Testing and PPE
- Social distancing
- Recovery plan measures and moving out of lockdown
- Taking flights and holidaying in the near future
- Sending children back to school
- Changes for the better following COVID-19 crisis
- Performance of NI Executive and First and Deputy First Ministers

A copy of the survey questionnaire is included as Appendix 1.

### 1.2 Survey Methodology

This current survey is based on 1032 interviews with the Northern Ireland general public aged 16+ (note that the two previous polls were based on samples of 500 adults). The survey was conducted using an online panel methodology with results representative of the NI adult population in terms of key factors such as age, gender, and social class. The survey has a margin of error of  $\pm 3.1\%$  (at most). Fieldwork was conducted between 8<sup>th</sup> July and 19<sup>th</sup> July 2020. The research was conducted in line with ISO20252 of which Social Market Research (SMR) is fully accredited.

#### 1.2.1 Sample Profile

Table 1.1 presents the sample profile weighted by age, sex, and social class.

Table 1.1 Sample Profile [n=1032]			
		%	n
Sex	Male	49	503
	Female	51	529
Age	16-39	39	399
	40-64	40	418
	65+	21	215
Social Class	ABC1	47	486
	C2DE	53	546
Community Background	Protestant	51	529
	Catholic	38	392
	Not member of either Protestant or Catholic Communities / Refused	11	111

### 1.3 Notes on Reporting

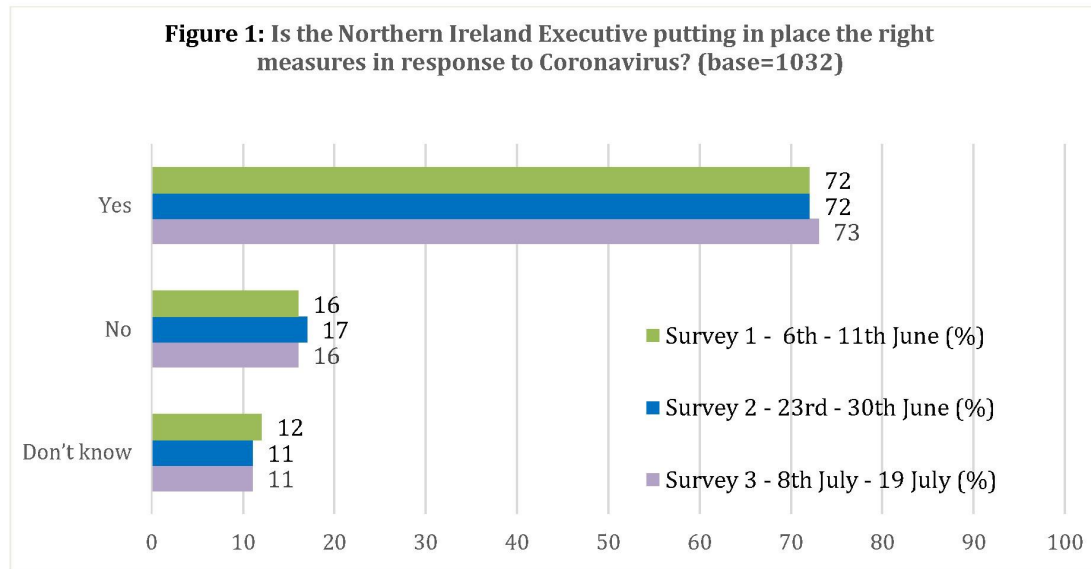
Please note that due to rounding, row and column totals in tables and figures may not sum to 100. Also, please note that any differences between sample subgroups (e.g. age, gender, social class etc.) alluded to in the report commentary are statistically significant to at least the 95% confidence level. The use of [-] within tables denotes less than 1%. Prior to analysis the data have been weighted by age, sex, and social class in line with NI census estimates.

## 2. Survey Findings

### 2.1 NI Executive Putting in Place Right Measures in Response to Coronavirus

Figure 1 shows that approximately seven out of ten (73%) respondents in the current survey believe that the NI Executive is putting in place the right measures in response to Coronavirus, 16% believe they are not putting in place the right measures with 11% unsure.

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



#### Differences between Respondent Groups

- **Gender:** There was no statistically significant difference in response by gender (71% of males believe that the NI Executive have put in place the right measures compared with 75% of females)
- **Age:** There was a statistically significant difference by age with older respondents more likely to say that the NI Executive have put in place the right measures (16-39, 66%; 40-64, 71%; 65+, 89%)
- **Social class:** There was no statistically significant difference in response by social class (ABC1, 73%; C2DE, 73%)
- **Community background:** There was no statistically significant difference by community background (protestant, 76%; catholic, 72%)



## 2.2 Provision of Information by the NI Executive

Respondents were asked to agree or disagree with a number of statements about the NI Executive's provision of information during the pandemic (Figure 2).

**Statement:** 'I am getting the information I need from the NI Executive'

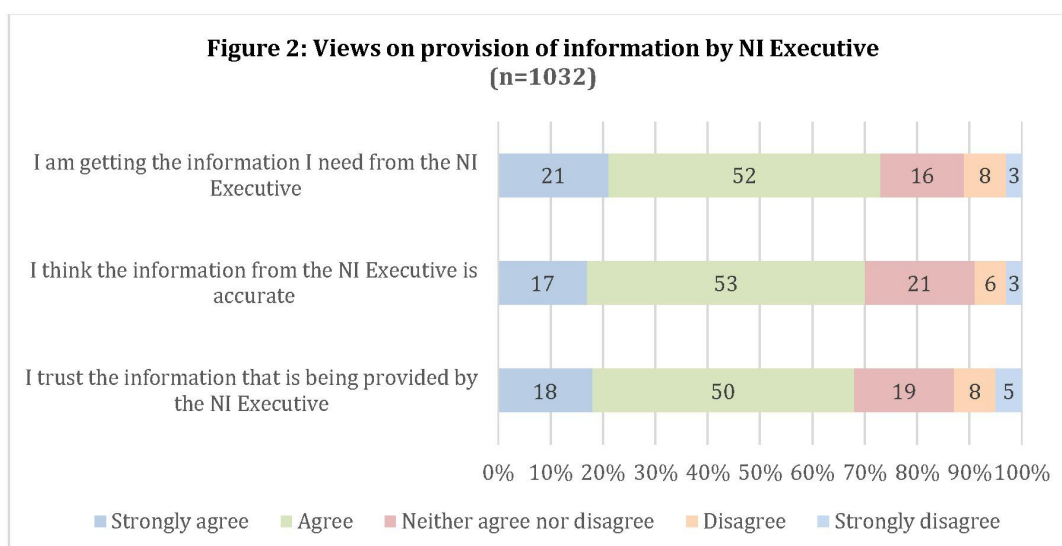
- 73% respondents agreed with this statement (*strongly agree*, 21%; *agree*, 52%), with 11% disagreeing (*disagree*, 8%; *strongly disagree*, 3%). 16% neither agreed nor disagreed.

**Statement:** 'I think the information from the NI Executive is accurate'

- 70% respondents agreed with this statement (*strongly agree*, 17%; *agree*, 53%), with 9% disagreeing (*disagree*, 6%; *strongly disagree*, 3%). 21% neither agreed nor disagreed.

**Statement:** 'I trust the information that is being provided by the NI Executive'

- 68% respondents agreed with this statement (*strongly agree*, 18%; *agree*, 50%), with 13% disagreeing (*disagree*, 8%; *strongly disagree*, 5%). 19% neither agreed nor disagreed.



### Differences between Respondent Groups

**Statement:** 'I am getting the information I need from the NI Executive'

- Gender:** no significant difference in response (males, 72%: females, 74%) [% strongly agreeing / agreeing]
- Age:** older respondents were significantly more likely to agree (16-39, 71%: 40-64, 69%; 65+, 85%) [% strongly agreeing / agreeing]
- Social class:** no significant difference in response (ABC1, 72%: C2DE, 74%) [% strongly agreeing / agreeing]
- Community background:** no significant difference in response (protestant, 77%: catholic, 72%) [% strongly agreeing / agreeing]

**Statement: 'I think the information from the NI Executive is accurate'**

- **Gender:** no significant difference in response by gender (males, 69%; females, 70%) [% strongly agreeing / agreeing]
- **Age:** older respondents were more likely to agree (16-39, 69%; 40-64, 63%; 65+, 83%) [% strongly agreeing / agreeing]
- **Social class:** respondents in the higher social classes were more likely to answer, 'don't know' (ABC1, agree, 68%; disagree, 19%; don't know, 13%; C2DE, agree 71%, disagree, 22%; don't know, 7%)
- **Community background:** no significant difference in response (protestant, 71%; catholic, 70%) [% strongly agreeing / agreeing]

**Statement: 'I trust the information that is being provided by the NI Executive'**

- **Gender:** no significant difference in response (males, 67%; females, 69%) [% strongly agreeing / agreeing]
- **Age:** those aged 65+ were more likely to agree (16-39, 65%; 40-64, 63%; 65+, 82%) [% strongly agreeing / agreeing]
- **Social class:** respondents in the higher social classes were more likely to answer, 'don't know' (ABC1, agree, 66%; disagree, 18%; don't know, 17%; C2DE, agree 70%, disagree, 20%; don't know, 10%)
- **Community background:** no significant difference in response (protestant, 70%; catholic, 68%) [% strongly agreeing / agreeing]

**Differences between Surveys**

Table 2.1 presents a comparison on response between the surveys, with the differences not statistically significant.

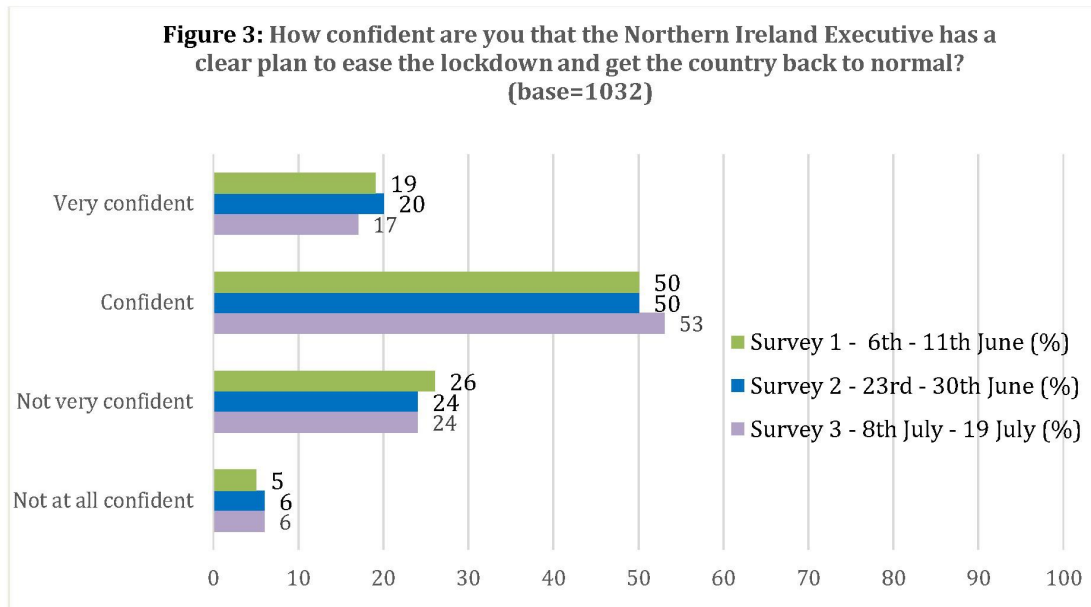
<b>Table 2.1: Views on provision of information by NI Executive by Survey</b>				
<b>Statement</b>		<b>Strongly agree / agree (%)</b>	<b>Neither (%)</b>	<b>Disagree / strongly disagree (%)</b>
'I trust the information that is being provided by the NI Executive'	<b>Survey 1</b>	68	22	10
	<b>Survey 2</b>	66	20	14
	<b>Survey 3</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>13</b>
'I think the information from the NI Executive is accurate'	<b>Survey 1</b>	71	19	10
	<b>Survey 2</b>	69	21	10
	<b>Survey 3</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>21</b>	<b>9</b>
'I am getting the information I need from the NI Executive'	<b>Survey 1</b>	74	15	11
	<b>Survey 2</b>	76	12	12
	<b>Survey 3</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>11</b>

### 2.3 Confidence that Executive has Clear Plan to Ease Lockdown

Respondents were asked to say how confident they are that the Northern Ireland Executive has a clear plan to ease the lockdown and get the country back to normal.

Figure 3 shows that seven out of ten (70%) respondents are confident that the Northern Ireland Executive has a clear plan to ease the lockdown and get the country back to normal [*very confident*, 17%; *confident*, 53%]. Thirty percent are not confident [*not very confident*, 24%; *not at all confident*, 6%].

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



#### Differences between Respondent Groups

- **Gender:** There was no statistically significant difference in response by gender (male, 68%; female, 72%)
- **Age:** Older respondents were more likely to express confidence (16-39, 66%; 40-64, 66%; 65+, 85%)
- **Social class:** There was no statistically significant difference in response by social class (ABC1, 67%; C2DE, 73%)
- **Community background:** There was no statistically significant difference by community background (protestant, 72%; catholic, 70%)

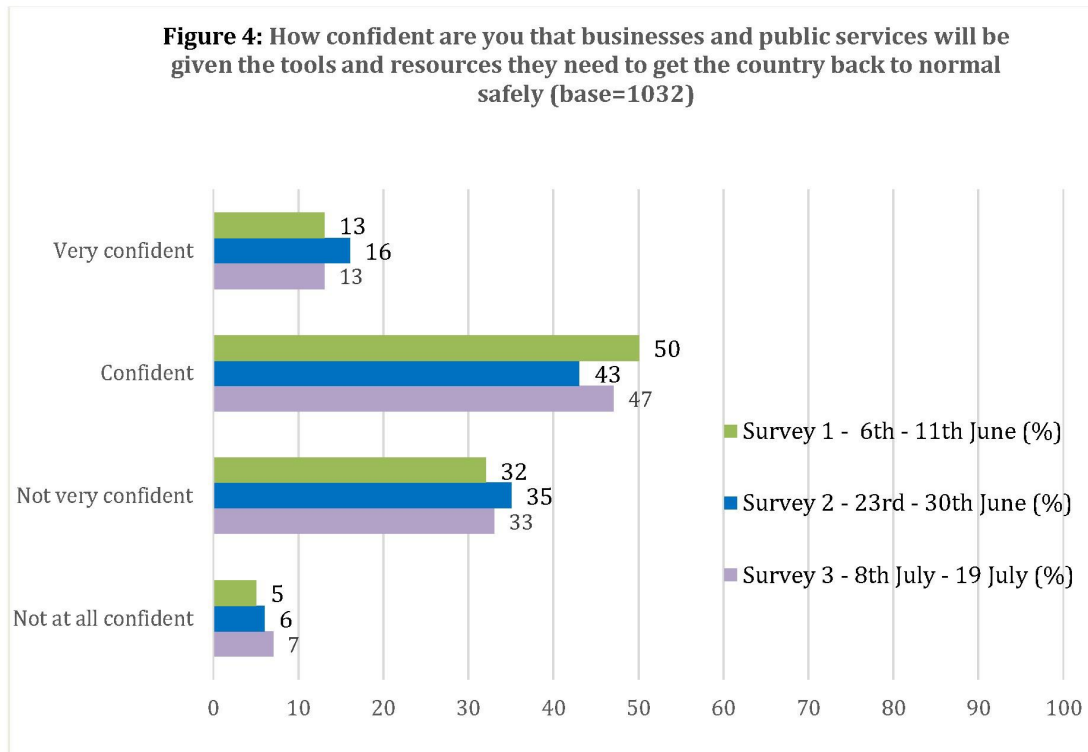


## 2.4 Confidence that Businesses and Public Services will be Resourced to get Country Back to Normal

Respondents were asked to say how confident they are that businesses and public services will be given the tools and resources they need to get the country back to normal safely.

Figure 4 shows that 60% of respondents said they are confident that businesses and public services will be given the tools and resources they need to get the country back to normal safely [*very confident*, 13%: *confident*, 47%]. Forty percent said they are not confident [*not very confident*, 33%: *not at all confident*, 7%].

**[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]**



### Differences between Respondent Groups

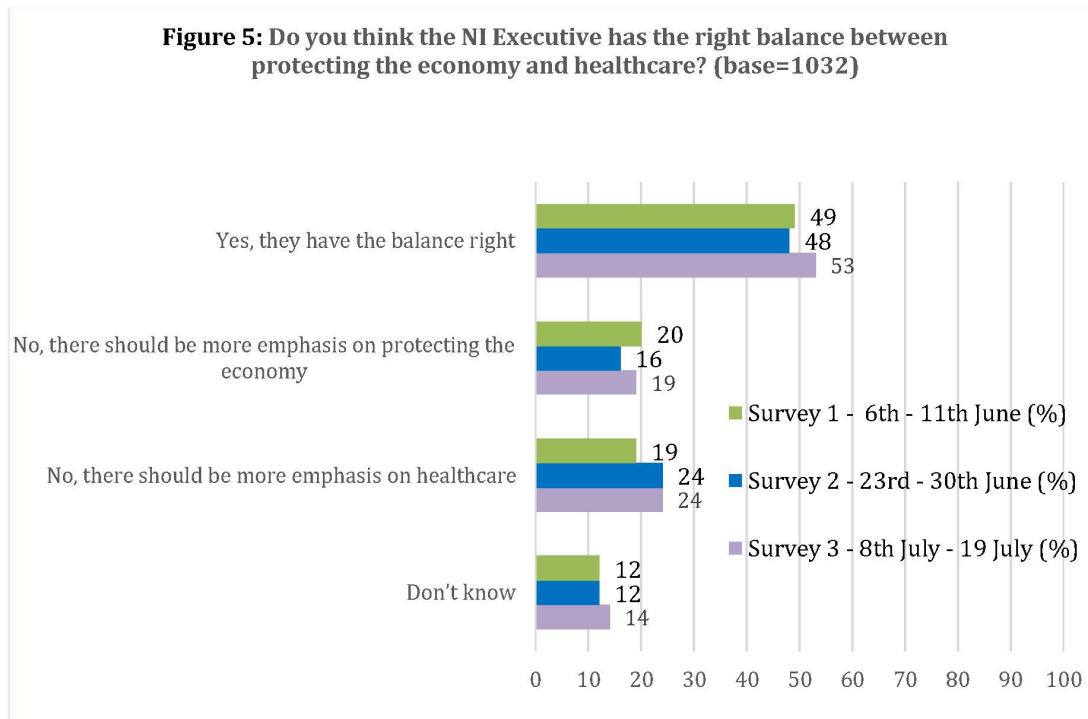
- **Gender:** There was no statistical difference in the proportions of men (58%) and women (61%) who expressed confidence that businesses and public services will be given the tools and resources they need to get the country back to normal safely
- **Age:** Older respondents were more likely to express confidence that businesses and public services will be given the tools and resources they need to get the country back to normal safely (16-39, 61%: 40-64, 53%; 65+, 71%)
- **Social class:** Those in lower social classes were more likely to express confidence that businesses and public services will be given the tools and resources they need to get the country back to normal safely (ABC1, 54%: C2DE, 65%)
- **Community background:** There was no statistically significant difference by community background (protestant, 61%: catholic, 58%)

## 2.5 Confidence that the Executive has Right Balance Between Economy and Healthcare

Respondents were asked to say if they believe that the Northern Ireland Executive has the right balance between protecting the economy and healthcare.

Figure 5 shows that 53% believe that the Northern Ireland Executive has the right balance between protecting the economy and healthcare, with 24% saying there should be more emphasis on protecting healthcare and 19% saying that there should be more emphasis on protecting the economy. Fourteen percent answered, 'don't know'.

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

- **Gender:** There was a statistically significant difference in response by gender:
  - (male, right balance, 44%: more emphasis on protecting the economy: 25%: more emphasis on healthcare, 23%: don't know, 9%)
  - (female, right balance, 41%: more emphasis on protecting the economy: 14%: more emphasis on healthcare, 25%: don't know, 20%)
- **Age:** There was a statistically significant difference in response by age:
  - (16-39, right balance, 37%: more emphasis on protecting the economy: 23%: more emphasis on healthcare, 30%: don't know, 10%)
  - (40-64, right balance, 44%: more emphasis on protecting the economy: 16%: more emphasis on healthcare, 26%: don't know, 14%)
  - (65+, right balance, 50%: more emphasis on protecting the economy: 20%: more emphasis on healthcare, 9%: don't know, 21%)

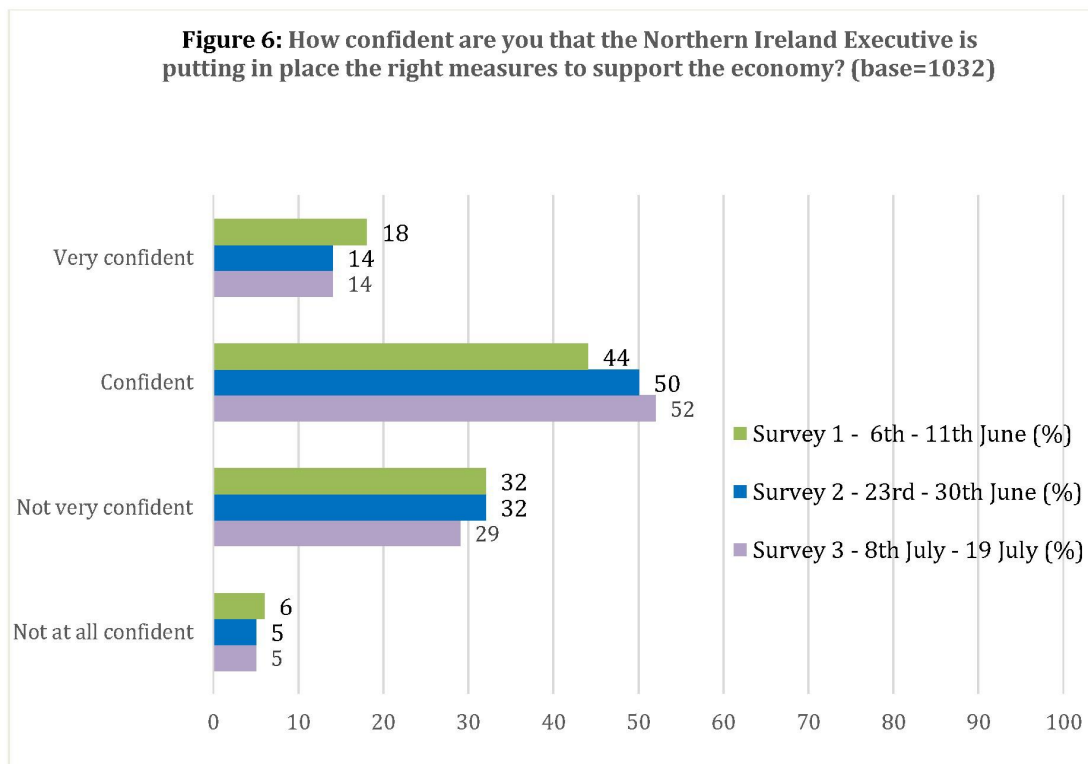
- **Social class:** There was a statistically significant difference in response by social class:
  - (ABC1, right balance, 44%: more emphasis on protecting the economy: 19%: more emphasis on healthcare, 27%: don't know, 10%)
  - (C2DE, right balance, 41%: more emphasis on protecting the economy: 19%: more emphasis on healthcare, 21%: don't know, 18%)
- **Community background:** A greater proportion of protestant respondents believe that the Northern Ireland Executive has the right balance between protecting the economy and healthcare, whereas proportionately more catholic respondents believe there should be more emphasis on healthcare
  - (Protestant, right balance, 46%: more emphasis on protecting the economy: 21%: more emphasis on healthcare, 21%: don't know, 12%)
  - (Catholic, right balance, 39%: more emphasis on protecting the economy: 18%: more emphasis on healthcare, 26%: don't know, 17%)

## 2.6 Confidence that Executive is Putting in Place Right Measures to Support Economy

Respondents were asked to say how confident they are that the Northern Ireland Executive is putting in place the right measures to support the economy.

Figure 6 shows that 66% of respondents are confident that the Northern Ireland Executive is putting in place the right measures to support the economy [very confident, 14%: confident, 52%]. Thirty four percent are not confident [not very confident, 29%: not at all confident, 5%].

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

- **Gender:** There was no statistically significant difference in response by gender (male, 64%: female, 67%);



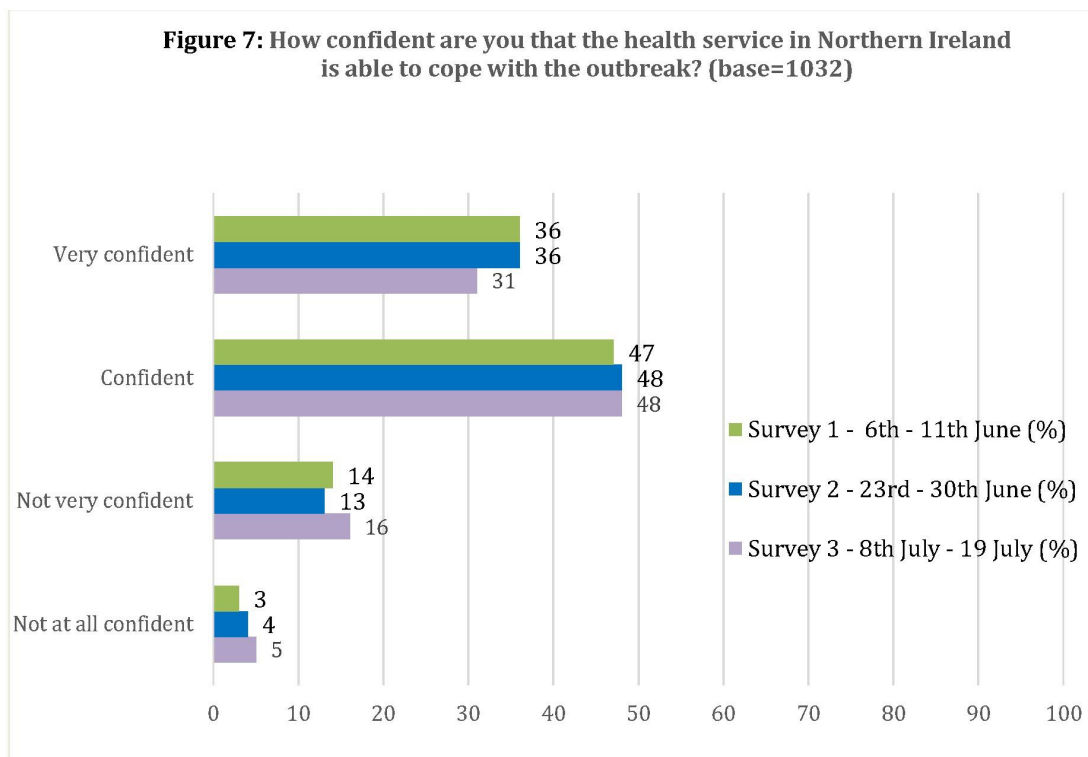
- **Age:** Older respondents were more likely to express confidence (16-39, 66%; 40-64, 58%; 65+, 79%)
- **Social class:** There was no statistically significant difference in response by social class (ABC1, 62%; C2DE, 68%)
- **Community background:** There was no statistically significant difference by community background (protestant, 65%; catholic, 68%)

## 2.7 Confidence In the Health Service in N Ireland being able to Cope with the Outbreak

Respondents were asked to say how confident they are that the health service in Northern Ireland is able to cope with the outbreak.

Figure 7 shows that 79% of respondents are confident that the health service in Northern Ireland is able to cope with the outbreak [very confident, 31%; confident, 48%]. Twenty-one percent were not confident [not very confident, 16%; not at all confident, 5%].

*[Note that the difference between surveys is statistically significant, with respondents in survey 3 less likely to be confident that the health service in Northern Ireland is able to cope with the outbreak]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

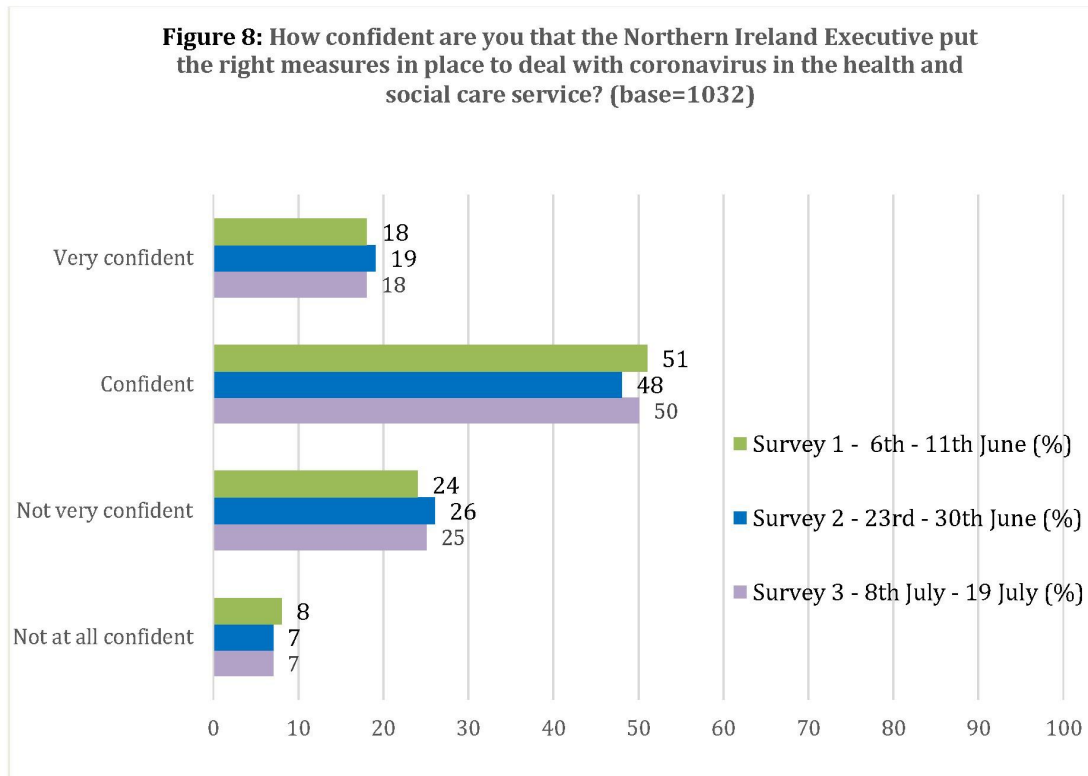
- **Gender:** There was no significant difference in response by gender (male, 82%; female, 77%);
- **Age:** Older respondents were more likely to express confidence (16-39, 72%; 40-64, 79%; 65+, 92%)
- **Social class:** There was no statistically significant difference in response by social class (ABC1, 78%; C2DE, 80%)
- **Community background:** Protestant respondents were more likely to be confident that the health service in Northern Ireland is able to cope with the outbreak (protestant, 83%; catholic, 76%)

## 2.8 Confidence Right Measures in Place to Deal with Coronavirus in Health and Social Care Service

Respondents were asked to say how confident they are that the Northern Ireland Executive put the right measures in place to deal with coronavirus in the health and social care service.

Figure 8 shows that 68% of respondents are confident that the Northern Ireland Executive put the right measures in place to deal with coronavirus in the health and social care service [*very confident, 18%: confident, 50%*]. Thirty two percent are not confident [*not very confident, 25%: not at all confident, 7%*].

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

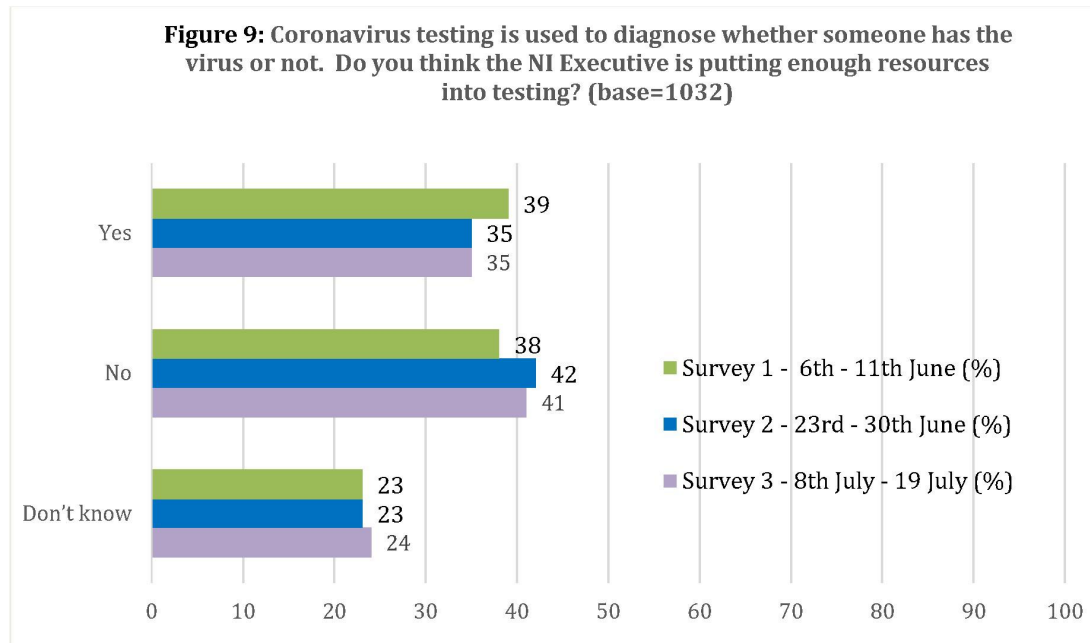
- **Gender:** There was no statistically significant difference in response by gender (male, 68%: female, 67%);
- **Age:** There was no statistically significant difference in response by age (16-39, 67%: 40-64, 65%; 65+, 72%)
- **Social class:** Respondents in lower social classes were more likely to be confident that the Northern Ireland Executive put the right measures in place to deal with coronavirus in the health and social care service (ABC1, 62%: C2DE, 72%)
- **Community background:** There was no statistically significant difference by community background (protestant, 70%: catholic, 66%)

## 2.9 NI Executive Putting Enough Resources into Testing

Respondents were advised that coronavirus testing is used to diagnose whether someone has the virus or not. With this information, respondents were then asked if they think the NI Executive is putting enough resources into testing.

Figure 9 shows that 35% believe that NI Executive is putting enough resources into testing, with 41% saying they are not and 24% unsure.

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

- **Gender:** Analysis by gender found no statistically significant difference in response
  - (male, yes, 38%: no, 40%: don't know, 23%)
  - (female, yes, 33%: no, 43%: don't know, 24%)
- **Age:** Analysis by age found a statistically significant difference in response with older respondents less likely to believe that the NI Executive is putting enough resources into testing
  - (16-39, yes, 43%: no, 38%: don't know, 19%)
  - (40-64, yes, 36%: no, 40%: don't know, 24%)
  - (65+, yes, 19%: no, 50%: don't know, 31%)
- **Social class:** There was no statistically significant difference by social class
  - (ABC1, yes, 35%: no, 41%: don't know, 25%)
  - (C2DE, yes, 36%: no, 42%: don't know, 22%)
- **Community background:** There was a statistically significant difference by community background with a greater proportion of catholic respondents of the view that the NI Executive is not putting enough resources into testing
  - (Protestant, yes, 35%: no, 38%: don't know, 27%)
  - (Catholic, yes, 36%: no, 46%: don't know, 18%)

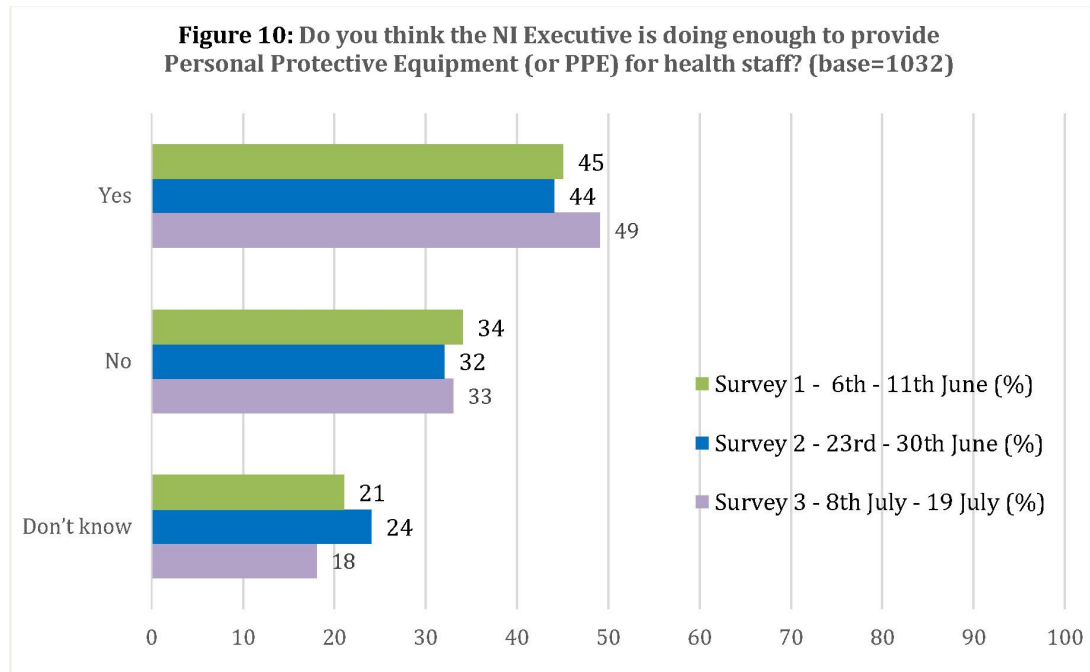


## 2.10 NI Executive Doing Enough to Provide PPE for Health Staff

Respondents were asked if they believe the NI Executive is doing enough to provide Personal Protective Equipment (or PPE) for health staff.

Figure 10 shows that 49% believe that the NI Executive is doing enough to provide Personal Protective Equipment (or PPE) for health staff, with 33% of the view that the Executive is not doing enough and 18% unsure.

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

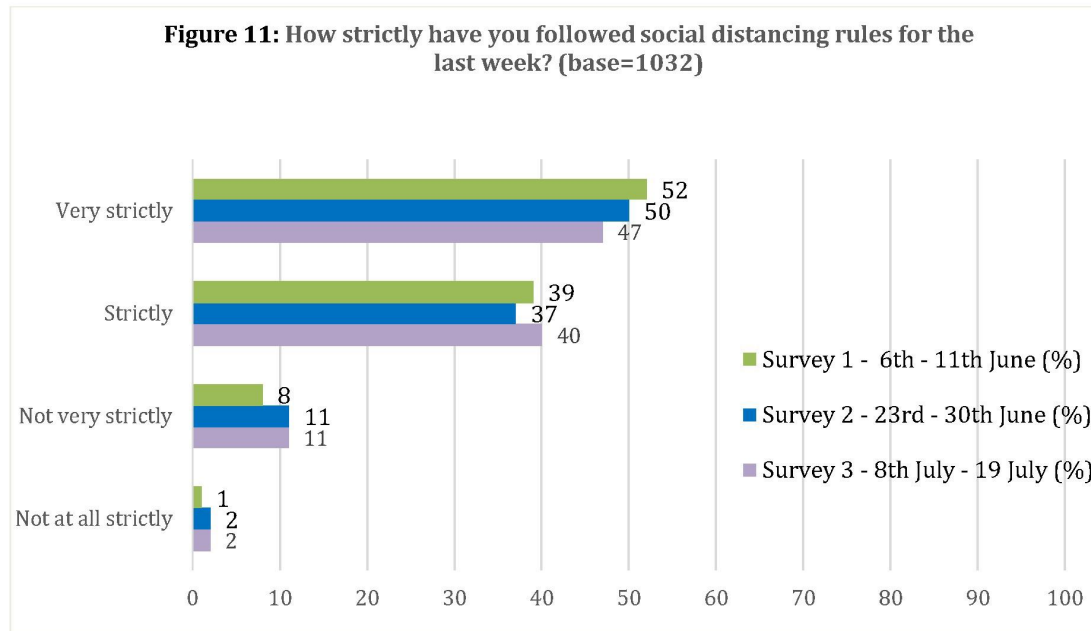
- **Gender:** Analysis by gender found no significant difference in response to the question on whether or not the Executive is doing enough to provide Personal Protective Equipment (or PPE) for health staff
  - (male, yes, 48%: no, 33%: don't know, 19%)
  - (female, yes, 50%: no, 32%: don't know, 18%)
- **Age:** There was a statistically significant difference by age with older respondent more likely to say that the Executive is doing enough to provide Personal Protective Equipment (or PPE) for health staff
  - (16-39, yes, 45%: no, 39%: don't know, 16%)
  - (40-64, yes, 42%: no, 33%: don't know, 25%)
  - (65+, yes, 68%: no, 20%: don't know, 12%)
- **Social class:** There was no statistically significant difference by social class
  - (ABC1, yes, 47%: no, 36%: don't know, 17%)
  - (C2DE, yes, 50%: no, 30%: don't know, 21%)
- **Community background:** There was no statistically significant difference by community background
  - (Protestant, yes, 51%: no, 33%: don't know, 17%)
  - (Catholic, yes, 50%: no, 32%: don't know, 18%)

## 2.11 Following Social Distance Rules for the Last Week

Respondents were asked how strictly they followed social distancing rules for the last week.

Figure 11 shows that 87% of respondents said they have strictly followed social distancing rules for the last week [*very strictly*, 47%; *strictly*, 40%]. Thirteen percent said they did not strictly follow social distancing rules [*not very strictly*, 11%; *not at all strictly*, 2%].

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

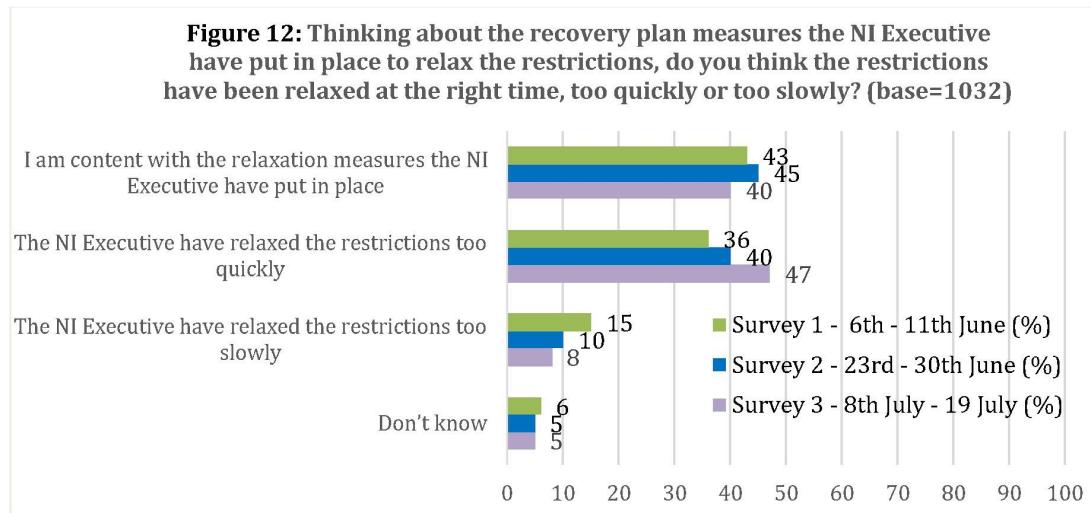
- **Gender:** There was no statistically significant difference by gender in terms of the proportion of males and females 'very strictly' or 'strictly' following social distancing rules for the last week (male, 88%; female, 86%)
- **Age:** Younger respondents were less likely to say they followed social distancing rules either 'very strictly' or 'strictly' for the last week (16-39, 79%; 40-64, 90%; 65+, 98%)
- **Social class:** There was no statistically significant difference by social class (ABC1, 87%; C2DE, 88%)
- **Community background:** There was no statistically significant difference by community background (protestant, 88%; catholic, 87%)

## 2.12 Speed at Which Measures being Relaxed by NI Executive

Respondents were asked to think about the recovery plan measures the NI Executive have put in place to relax the restrictions, and to say if they believe the restrictions have been relaxed at the right time, too quickly or too slowly.

Figure 12 shows that 40% are content with the relaxation measures the NI Executive have put in place, with 47% believing that the Executive have relaxed the restrictions too quickly and 8% of the view that the NI Executive have been too slow in relaxing measures. Five percent answered, 'don't know'.

**[Note that there was a statistically significant difference in response between surveys, with a greater number of respondents in survey three of the view that the NI Executive have relaxed restrictions too quickly]**



### Differences between Respondent Groups

- **Gender:** Analysis by gender found a significant difference in response to the question on the speed at which the NI Executive has relaxed measures, with men more likely to be content with the pace of lifting restrictions whereas proportionately more women believe that the Executive has moved too quickly
  - (male, content, 44%: too quickly, 42%: too slowly, 9%: don't know, 6%)
  - (female, content, 36%: too quickly, 53%: too slowly, 7%: don't know, 5%)
- **Age:** There was no statistically significant difference by age
  - (16-39, content, 39%: too quickly, 46%: too slowly, 10%: don't know, 5%)
  - (40-64, content, 40%: too quickly, 48%: too slowly, 5%: don't know, 7%)
  - (65+, content, 40%: too quickly, 48%: too slowly, 8%: don't know, 3%)
- **Social class:** There was a statistically significant difference by social class, with those in the higher social classes more likely to be content with the pace at which the Executive have lifted restrictions
  - (ABC1, content, 43%: too quickly, 45%: too slowly, 8%: don't know, 3%)
  - (C2DE, content, 37%: too quickly, 49%: too slowly, 7%: don't know, 7%)
- **Community background:** There was no statistically significant difference in response by community background
  - (Protestant, content, 43%: too quickly, 46%: too slowly, 8%: don't know, 4%)
  - (Catholic, content, 37%: too quickly, 51%: too slowly, 7%: don't know, 6%)

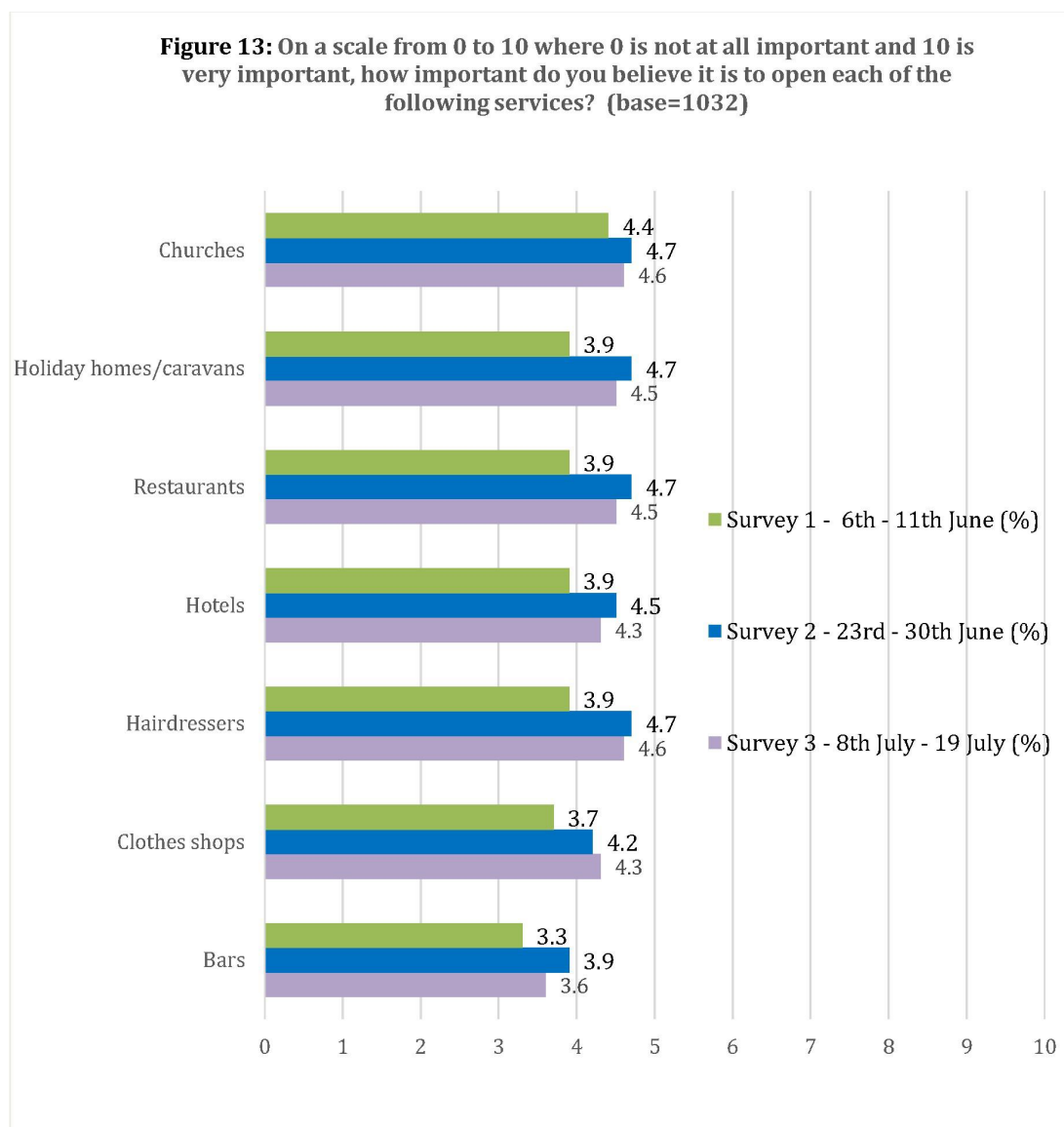
## 2.13 Importance of Opening Different Services

Respondents were asked on a scale from 0 to 10 (*where 0 is not at all important and 10 is very important*), how important they believe it is to open a range of services.

Respondents recorded higher importance scores for the opening of churches (4.6 out of 10) and hairdressers (4.6 out of 10) with the lowest importance score recorded for bars (3.6 out of 10).

**Note that that across all services, there were a number of statistically significant differences in mean importance scores:**

- **Churches:** no significant difference between surveys
- **Hairdressers:** survey 1 respondents scored the opening of hairdressers lower
- **Clothes shops:** survey 1 respondents scored the opening of clothes shops lower
- **Hotels:** survey 1 respondents scored the opening of hotels lower
- **Restaurants:** survey 1 respondents scored the opening of restaurants lower
- **Bars:** survey 1 respondents scored the opening of bars lower
- **Holiday homes / caravans:** survey 1 respondents scored the opening of holiday homes / caravans lower





## Differences between Respondent Groups

### Importance of Opening Hairdressers

- No statistically significant difference by gender
- Older respondents recorded a higher mean importance score (16-39, 3.8: 40-64, 4.7: 65+, 5.8)
- ABC1 respondents recorded a higher mean importance score (ABC1, 4.8 vs. C2DE, 4.4)
- No statistically significant difference by community background

### Importance of Opening Clothes Shops

- No statistically significant difference by gender
- Older respondents recorded a higher mean importance score (16-39, 3.8: 40-64, 4.4: 65+, 5.1)
- No statistically significant difference by social class
- No statistically significant difference by community background

### Importance of Opening Hotels

- No statistically significant difference by gender
- Older respondents recorded a higher mean importance score (16-39, 3.6: 40-64, 4.4: 65+, 5.2)
- No statistically significant difference by social class
- No statistically significant difference by community background

### Importance of Opening Restaurants

- No statistically significant difference by gender
- Older respondents recorded a higher mean importance score (16-39, 4.0: 40-64, 4.6: 65+, 5.3)
- ABC1 respondents recorded a higher mean importance score (ABC1, 4.7 vs. C2DE, 4.3)
- No statistically significant difference by community background

### Importance of Opening Bars

- Males recorded a higher mean importance score (male, 3.9: female, 3.3)
- Older respondents recorded a higher mean importance score (16-39, 3.3: 40-64, 3.7: 65+, 4.0)
- No statistically significant difference by social class
- No statistically significant difference by community background

### Importance of Opening Churches

- No statistically significant difference by gender
- Older respondents recorded a higher mean importance score (16-39, 3.9: 40-64, 4.7: 65+, 5.8)
- No statistically significant difference by social class
- No statistically significant difference by community background

### Importance of Opening Holiday Homes / Caravans

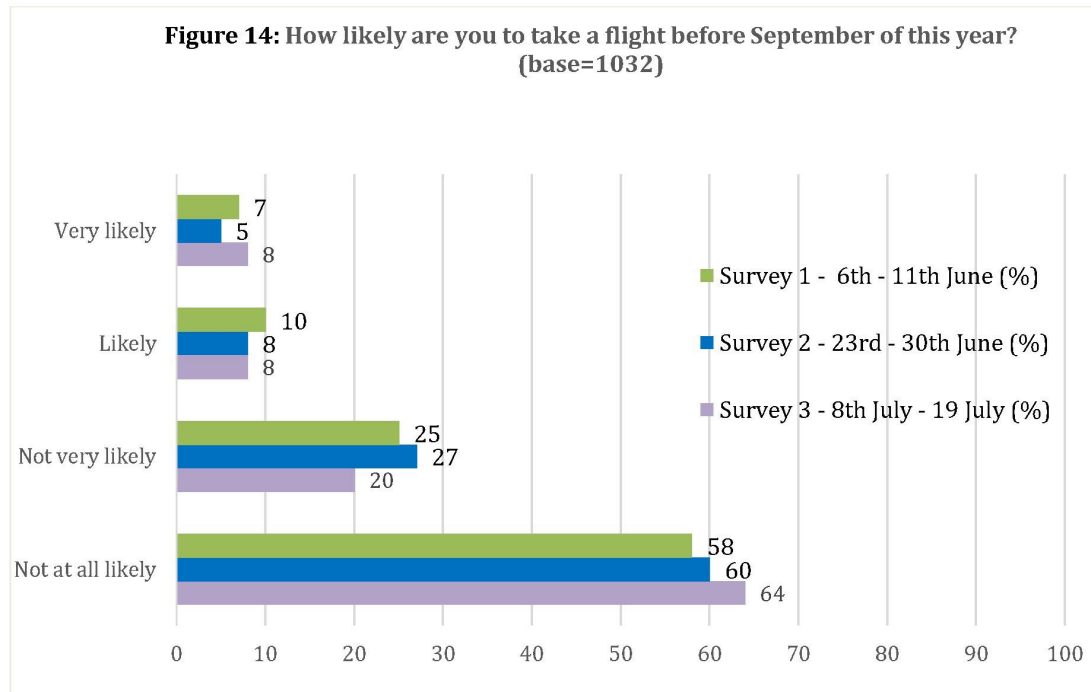
- No statistically significant difference by gender
- Older respondents recorded a higher mean importance score (16-39, 3.8: 40-64, 4.7: 65+, 5.4)
- No statistically significant difference by social class
- No statistically significant difference by community background

## 2.14 Likelihood of Taking a Flight Before September

Respondents were asked how likely they are to take a flight before September of this year.

Figure 14 shows that 16% said they are likely to take a flight before September of this year [*very likely, 8%: likely, 8%*], with 84% saying they are not likely to take a flight this year [*not very likely, 20%: not at all likely, 64%*].

**[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]**



### Differences between Respondent Groups

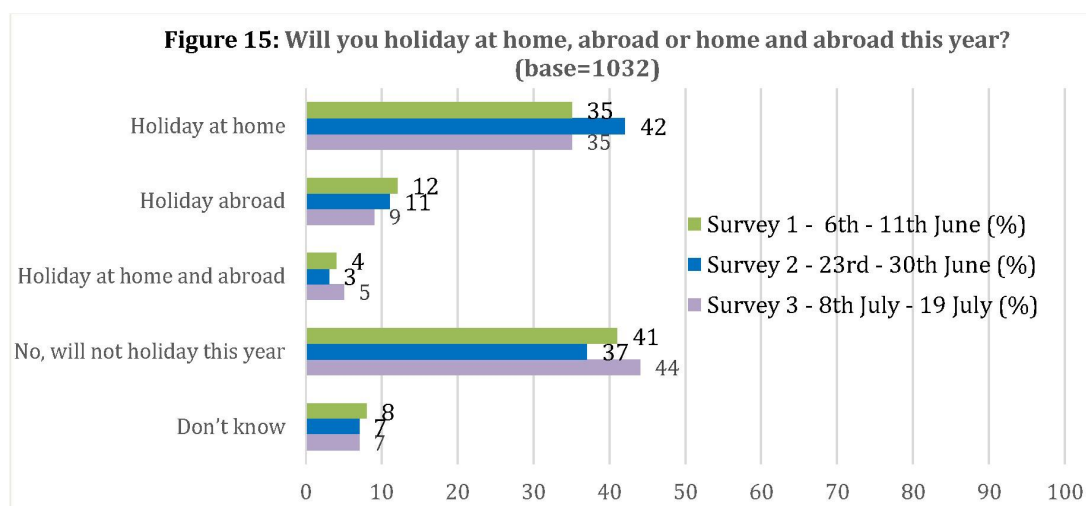
- **Gender:** Analysis by gender found that males (20%) compared with females (12%) were significantly more likely to say that they will take a flight before September of this year;
- **Age:** Younger respondents were significantly more likely to say that they will take a flight before September of this year (16-39, 28%: 40-64, 11%: 65+, 5%)
- **Social class:** There was a significant difference by social class (ABC1, 14%: C2DE, 19%)
- **Community background:** Catholic respondents were more likely to say they will take a flight before September of this year (protestant, 13%: catholic, 18%)

## 2.15 Holiday Intentions

Respondents were asked if they will holiday at home or abroad this year.

Figure 15 shows that 35% of respondents reported that they will holiday at home this year, 9% abroad and 5% both home and abroad. Forty-four percent said they will not be holidaying this year with 7% unsure.

*[Note that there is a statistically significant difference in response between surveys, with a greater proportion of respondents in survey 2 saying they will holiday at home this year whereas the survey 3 data shows a greater proportion of respondents indicating that they will not holiday this year]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

#### Holidaying Abroad this Year

14% of respondents indicated that they intend to holiday abroad this year

- **Gender:** There was no statistically significant difference in response between men (15%) and women (13%)
- **Age:** Younger respondents were more likely to say they will holiday abroad this year (16-39, 20%: 40-64, 10%: 65+, 10%)
- **Social class:** There was no statistically significant difference by social class (ABC1, 16%: C2DE, 12%)
- **Community background:** There was no statistically significant difference by community background (protestant, 13%: catholic, 14%)

#### Holidaying at Home this Year

40% of respondents indicated that they intend to holiday at home this year

- **Gender:** Men were more likely to say they will holiday at home this year (45%) and women (36%)
- **Age:** Older respondents were less likely to say they will holiday at home this year (16-39, 51%: 40-64, 38%: 65+, 27%)
- **Social class:** ABC1s were more likely to say they will holiday at home this year (ABC1, 44%: C2DE, 37%)
- **Community background:** There was no statistically significant difference by community background (protestant, 40%: catholic, 42%)

## 2.16 One Thing that Respondents Would Use Coronavirus to Change for the Better

Respondents were asked to list one thing they would change for the better following coronavirus, with the most common changes listed including staying in contact with family and friends (10%), togetherness / improved community spirit (6%) and better funding for the health service (6%).

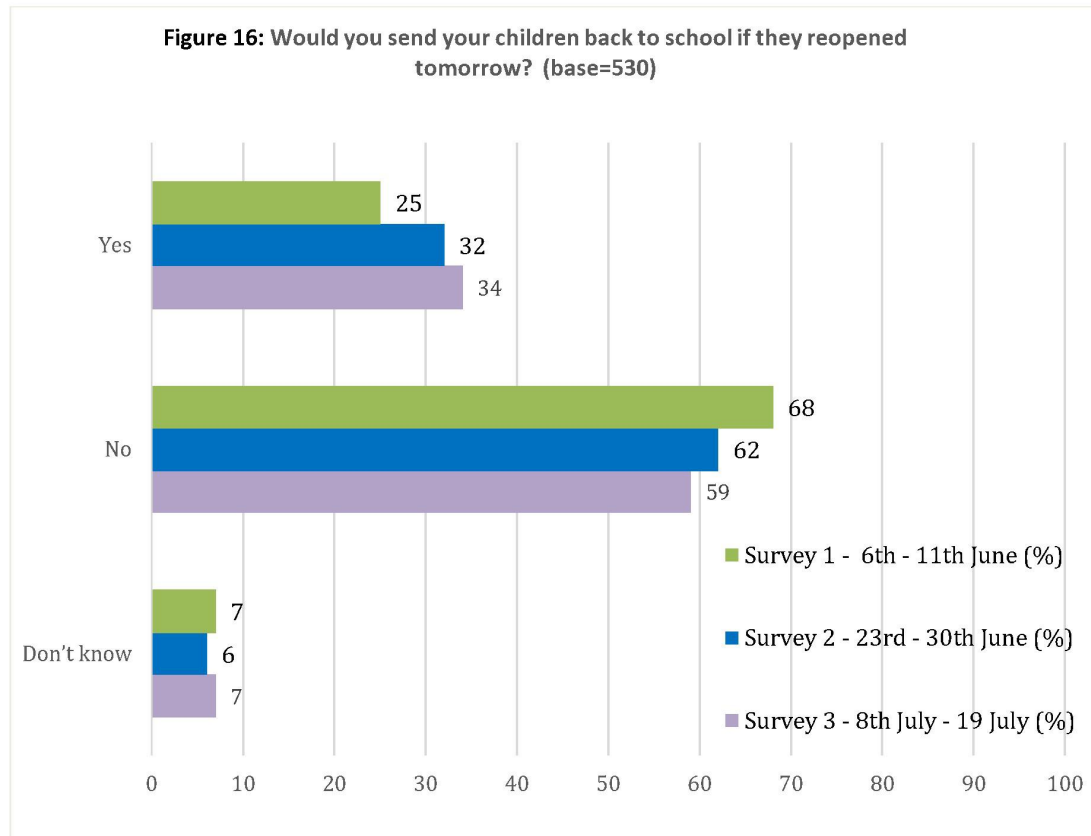
Table 2.1: If you could use the Coronavirus crisis to change one thing for the better, what would it be? (n=1032)	%	n
Stay in contact with family and friends	9.8	101
Togetherness/improved community spirit/bringing communities together	6.4	66
For health service to be better funded and prepared for any sort of outbreak	6.3	65
Environmental Concerns	5.3	55
Working from home/flexible working	4.8	50
Cleanliness - public and personal	4.0	41
Better work/life balance	3.2	33
Less Pollution/better air quality	3.0	31
Increased community co-operation - be more active in the community	2.7	28
Fairer/better wages for essential and key workers	2.6	27
Making the world a better place to live - show kindness/ensure equality	2.3	24
More appreciation for NHS	1.9	20
For people to appreciate what is important more	1.8	19
Stay in, keep safe and maintain social distancing	1.8	19
My personal health	1.8	19
Help people more	1.5	15
Reduction in traffic/less traffic	1.4	14
Maintain public awareness levels through public health campaigns on hygiene and prevention methods	1.4	14
Less materialism/save more/reduce amount of money spent on unnecessary things	1.3	13
Mental health/reach out to lonely people	1.3	13
More free time to do the things - take up a hobby, learn a new skill, just have time to myself	1.3	13
More care and help for older people who live at home or in care homes/hospitals	1.2	12
For people to realise how quick things can change	1.1	11
The economy/unemployment	1.1	11
Take more exercise	0.9	9
Mandatory wearing of masks	0.9	9
Maintain social distancing	0.9	9
Improve equality both socially and financially	0.9	9
Change the way NI Executive is constituted to make governing the country better	0.8	8
Financial concerns and worries about the cost of living	0.8	8
Don't come out of lockdown too soon/get rid of the virus	0.7	7
Buy British/supply British	0.7	7
Better public understanding of important issues	0.7	7
Education/training	0.7	7
Provision of vaccine or cure	0.7	7
More political unity	0.7	7
Shop local	0.6	6
Healthier eating/weight loss	0.5	5
Holidays - holidaying at home, travelling abroad, flexibility in bookings	0.5	5
Invest in large infrastructure and renewable projects	0.5	5
Benefits/universal income	0.4	4
Close down bars/pubs and normalise more drinking at home	0.4	4
Efficient testing	0.3	3
Crime levels	0.3	3
Better wage levels for all	0.3	3
It's all a lie, no fear of the virus spreading, lockdown not required	0.3	3
Better provision of good quality PPE in general	0.3	3
Schools reopening	0.3	3
Shop/restaurant/pub re-opening and associated safety concerns	0.3	3
Getting rid of the Tory Government	0.2	2
Reducing fatality levels/less deaths	0.2	2
More help for the homeless	0.2	2
Reduce immigration	0.2	2
Recognise the importance of all key workers and not just frontline NHS workers	0.2	2
Stop hoarding	0.2	2
DIY/house improvements	0.2	2
Other	5.2	53
Don't know/unsure	10.4	107

## 2.17 Children Returning to School

Parents with school-aged children were asked if they would send their child (ren) back to school if schools reopened tomorrow.

Figure 16 shows that almost one third (34%) of parents with school-aged children said they would send their child (ren) back to school if schools reopened tomorrow, with 59% saying they would not and 7% undecided.

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

- **Gender:** There was a statistically significant difference in response by gender with 41% of men compared with 27% of women saying they would send their child back to school
- **Age:** There was a statistically significant difference by age with parents aged 16-39 more likely to say they would send their child back to school (16-39, 37%; 40-64, 32%; 65+, 34%)
- **Social class:** ABC1 parents were more likely to say they would send their child back to school (ABC1, 42%; C2DE, 29%)
- **Community background:** There was no statistically significant difference by community background (protestant, 34%; catholic, 36%)

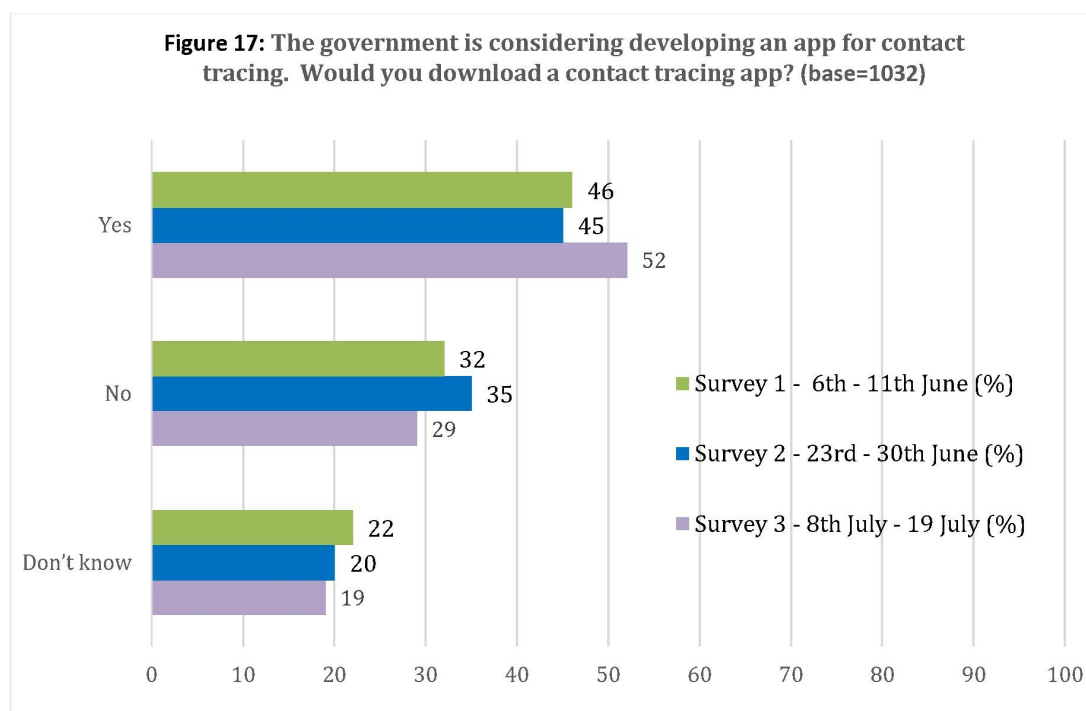


## 2.18 Downloading a Contact Tracing App

Respondents were advised that the government is considering developing an app for contact tracing, with respondents then asked if they would download the app.

Just over half (52%) of respondents said they would download an app for contact tracing, with 29% saying they would not and 19% undecided.

*[Note that there was a statistically significant difference in response between surveys, with a greater proportion of respondents in survey 3 indicating that they would download a contact tracing app]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

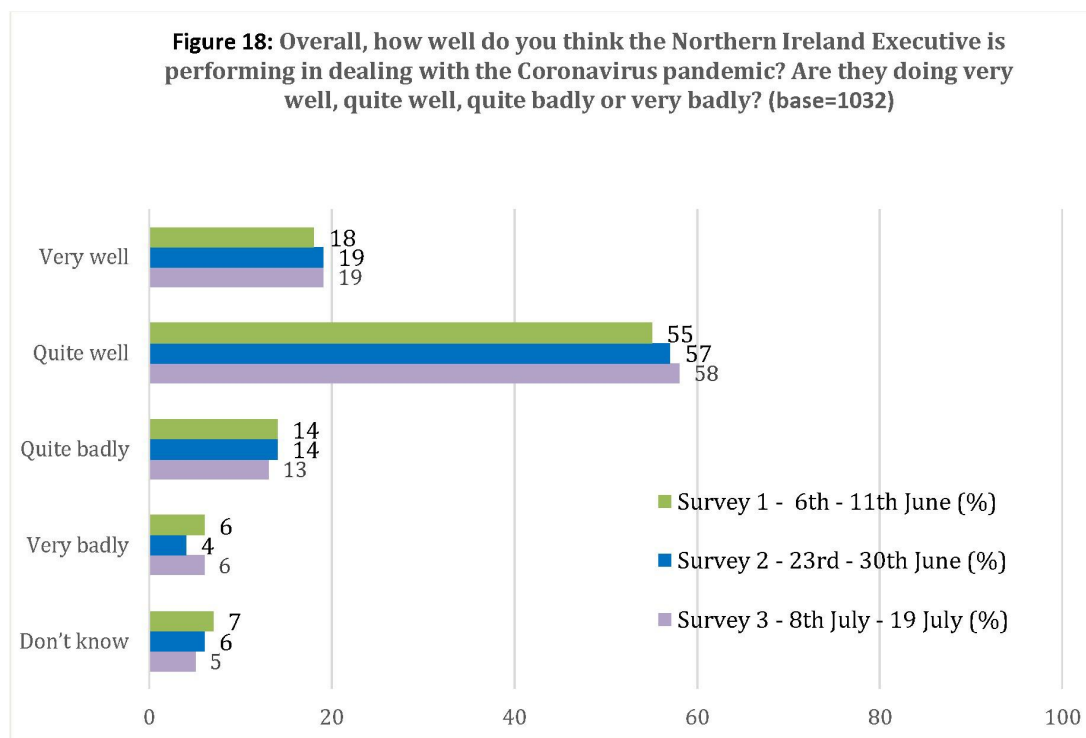
- **Gender:** Men were more likely to say they would download a contact tracing app (55% vs. 50%) [note that women were almost twice as likely to be undecided: 25% vs. 13%]
- **Age:** 40-64 year olds were less likely to say they would download a contact tracing app (16-39, 53%; 40-64, 49%; 65+, 57%) [older respondents were more likely to be undecided: 16-39, 13%; 40-64, 18%; 65+, 30%]
- **Social class:** Those in higher social classes were more likely to say they would download a contact tracing app (ABC1, 58%; C2DE, 47%)
- **Community background:** There was no significant difference by community background in relation to the likelihood of downloading a contact tracing app by (protestant, 53%; catholic, 54%)

## 2.19 Performance of NI Executive in Dealing with Coronavirus Pandemic

Respondents were asked to say overall, how well they think the Northern Ireland Executive is performing in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic.

A majority 77% of respondents believe that the NI Executive is performing well in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic [*very well*, 19%: *quite well*, 58%], with 19% saying that the Executive is performing badly [*quite badly*, 13%: *very badly*, 6%]. Five percent answered, 'don't know'.

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

- **Gender:** Analysis by gender found a significant difference in response to the question on NI Executive performance in dealing with the pandemic, with women more likely to say that the Executive is performing either 'very well' or 'quite well'
  - (male, very well or quite well, 74%: quite badly or very badly, 23%: don't know, 4%)
  - (female, very well or quite well, 79%: quite badly or very badly, 15%: don't know, 6%)
- **Age:** There was a significant difference by age in relation to NI Executive performance in dealing with the pandemic, with older respondents more likely to say that the Executive is performing either 'very well' or 'quite well'
  - (16-39, very well or quite well, 71%: quite badly or very badly, 24%: don't know, 4%)
  - (40-64, very well or quite well, 74%: quite badly or very badly, 18%: don't know, 8%)
  - (65+, very well or quite well, 90%: quite badly or very badly, 9%: don't know, 1%)
- **Social class:** ABC1 respondents were more likely to say the NI Executive is performing either 'quite badly' or 'very badly' in dealing with the pandemic
  - (ABC1, very well or quite well, 75%: quite badly or very badly, 22%: don't know, 3%)
  - (C2DE, very well or quite well, 78%: quite badly or very badly, 15%: don't know, 6%)

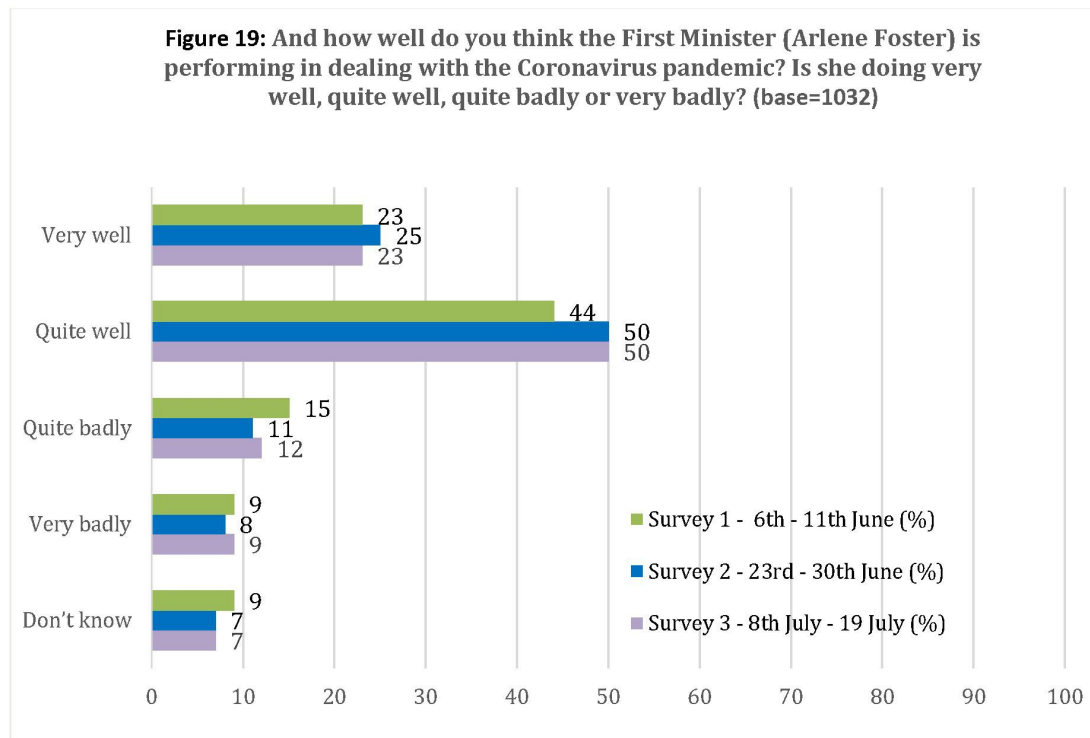
- Community background:** There was a significant difference by community background in relation to NI Executive performance in dealing with the pandemic, with protestant respondents more likely to say that the Executive is performing either 'very well' or 'quite well'
  - (Protestant, very well or quite well, 82%: quite badly or very badly, 15%: don't know, 3%)
  - (Catholic, very well or quite well, 74%: quite badly or very badly, 22%: don't know, 5%)

## 2.20 Performance of First Minister (Arlene Foster) in Dealing with Coronavirus Pandemic

Respondents were asked to say overall, how well they think the First Minister (Arlene Foster) is performing in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic.

More than seven out of ten (73%) respondents believe that the First Minister is performing well in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic [very well, 50%: quite well, 23%], with 21% saying that the First Minister is performing badly [quite badly, 12%: very badly, 9%]. Seven percent answered, 'don't know'.

*[note that there is a statistically significant difference in response between surveys, with proportionately fewer respondents in survey 1 saying that the First Minister is performing 'very well' or 'quite well' compared with surveys 2 and 3]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

- Gender:** Analysis by gender found that women were more likely to say the First Minister is performing either 'very well' or 'quite well' in dealing with the pandemic
  - (male, very well or quite well, 69%: quite badly or very badly, 25%: don't know, 6%)
  - (female, very well or quite well, 76%: quite badly or very badly, 16%: don't know, 7%)
- Age:** Older respondents were more likely to say that the First Minister is performing either 'very well' or 'quite well' in dealing with the pandemic
  - (16-39, very well or quite well, 61%: quite badly or very badly, 29%: don't know, 10%)
  - (40-64, very well or quite well, 76%: quite badly or very badly, 18%: don't know, 7%)
  - (65+, very well or quite well, 89%: quite badly or very badly, 21%: don't know, 11%)

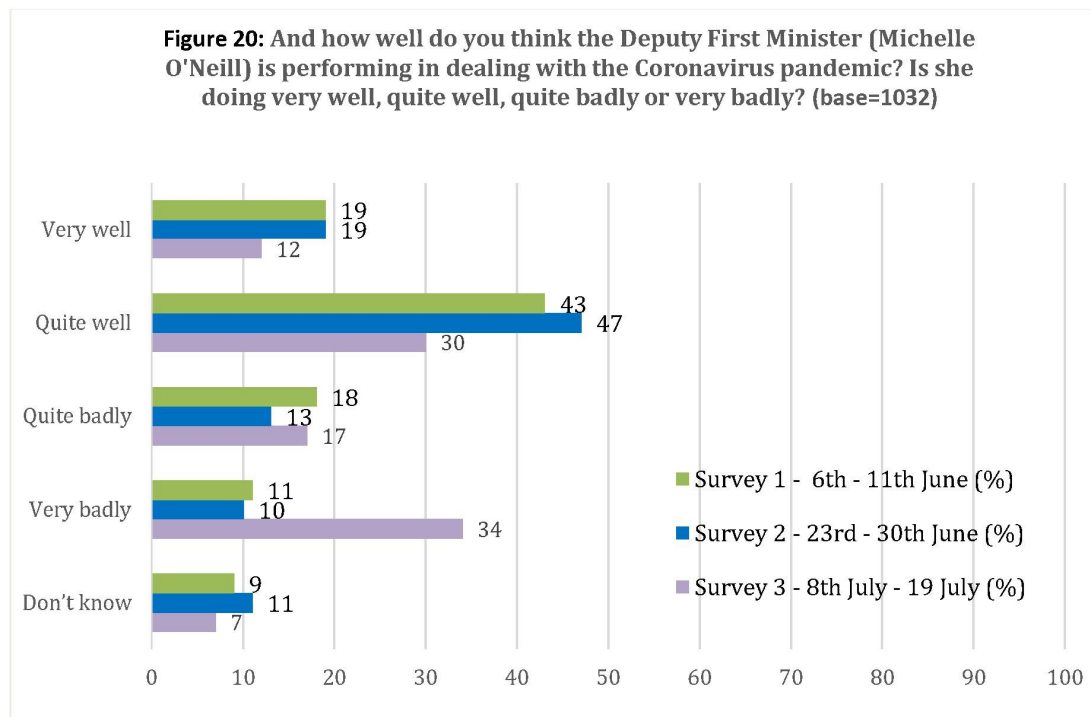
- **Social class:** There was a statistically significant difference by social class, with C2DE respondents more likely to say the First Minister is performing either 'very well' or 'quite well', with ABC1 respondents more likely to say the First Minister is performing 'quite badly' or 'very badly'
  - (ABC1, very well or quite well, 71%: quite badly or very badly, 24%: don't know, 5%)
  - (C2DE, very well or quite well, 74%: quite badly or very badly, 18%: don't know, 8%)
- **Community background:** Protestant respondents were more likely to say the First Minister is performing either 'very well' or 'quite well' in dealing with the pandemic
  - (Protestant, very well or quite well, 85%: quite badly or very badly, 12%: don't know, 4%)
  - (Catholic, very well or quite well, 63%: quite badly or very badly, 32%: don't know, 6%)

## 2.21 Performance of Deputy First Minister (Michelle O'Neill) in Dealing with Coronavirus Pandemic

Respondents were asked to say overall, how well they think the Deputy First Minister (Michelle O'Neill) is performing in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic.

Approximately four out of ten (42%) respondents believe that the Deputy First Minister is performing well in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic [very well, 12%: quite well, 30%], with 51% saying that the Deputy First Minister is performing badly [quite badly, 17%: very badly, 34%]. Seven percent answered, 'don't know'.

*[note that there is a statistically significant difference in response between surveys, with proportionately fewer respondents in survey 3 saying that the Deputy First Minister is performing 'very well' or 'quite well' compared with surveys 1 and 2]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

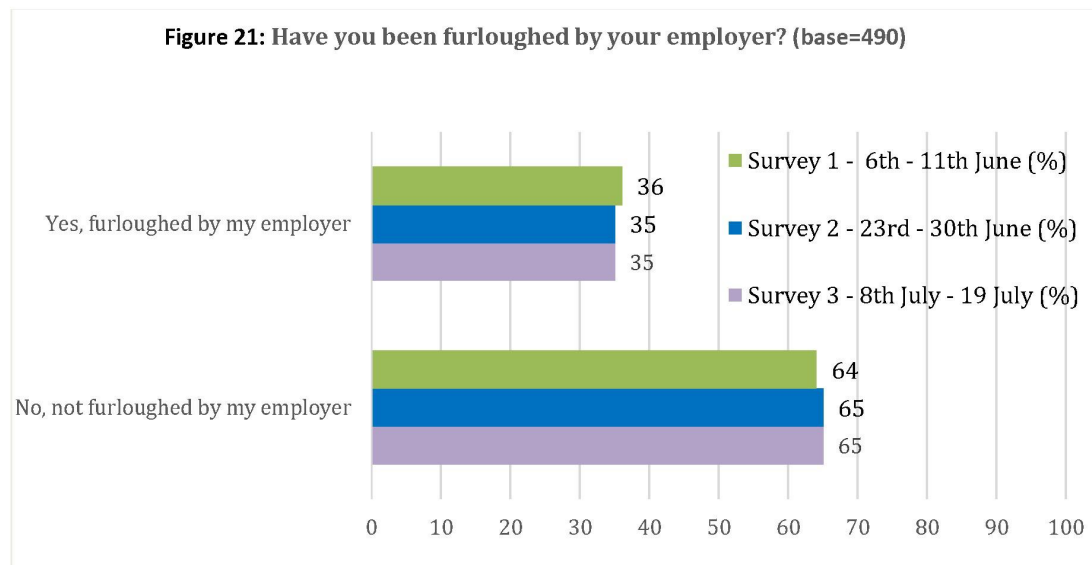
- **Gender:** Analysis by gender found no significant differences in response to the question on the Deputy First Ministers performance in dealing with the pandemic
  - (male, very well or quite well, 42%: quite badly or very badly, 52%: don't know, 6%)
  - (female, very well or quite well, 42%: quite badly or very badly, 50%: don't know, 8%)

- **Age:** There was no statistically significant difference by age
  - (16-39, very well or quite well, 45%: quite badly or very badly, 40%: don't know, 11%)
  - (40-64, very well or quite well, 40%: quite badly or very badly, 53%: don't know, 7%)
  - (65+, very well or quite well, 39%: quite badly or very badly, 61%: don't know, 0%)
- **Social class:** ABC1 respondents were more likely to say that the Deputy First Minister is performing 'quite badly' or 'very badly' in dealing with the pandemic
  - (ABC1, very well or quite well, 35%: quite badly or very badly, 60%: don't know, 5%)
  - (C2DE, very well or quite well, 48%: quite badly or very badly, 44%: don't know, 9%)
- **Community background:** Catholic respondents were more likely to say the Deputy First Minister is performing either 'very well' or 'quite well' in dealing with the pandemic
  - (Protestant, very well or quite well, 22%: quite badly or very badly, 74%: don't know, 5%)
  - (Catholic, very well or quite well, 67%: quite badly or very badly, 28%: don't know, 5%)

## 2.22 Furloughed Employees

Approximately one in three (35%) employees said they have been furloughed by their employer, with most furloughed employees (50%) working in the private sector [44% are employed in the public sector and 6% in other sectors (charity, voluntary, community and other)].

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



### Differences between Respondent Groups

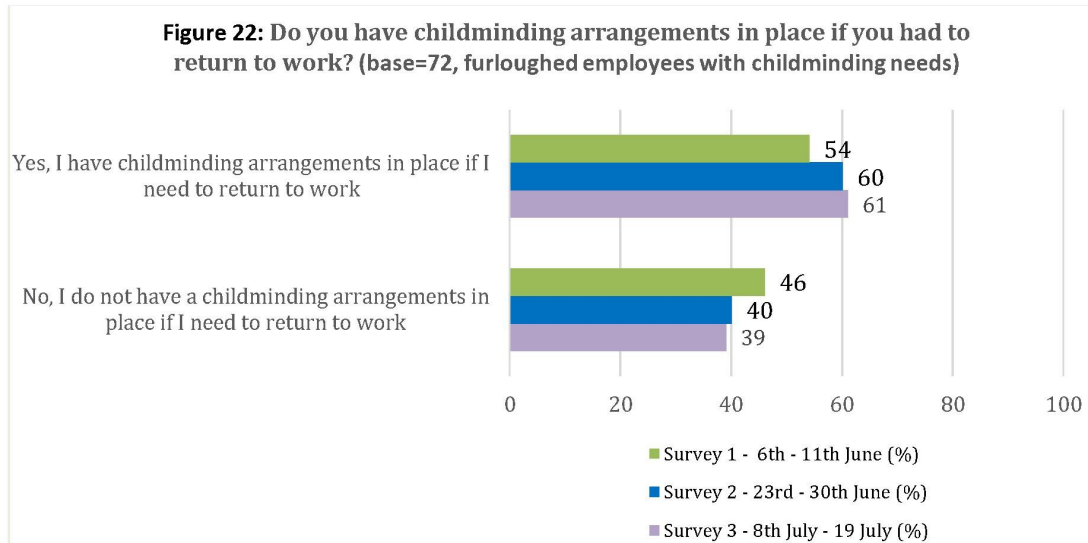
- **Gender:** There was no significant difference in the likelihood of being furloughed by gender (male, 37%: female, 32%)
- **Age:** Younger respondents were more likely to report being furloughed (16-39, 43%: 40-64, 26%: 65+, 35%)
- **Social class:** Those in lower social classes were more likely to report being furloughed (ABC1, 29%: C2DE, 43%)
- **Community background:** There was no significant difference by community background in relation to the likelihood of being furloughed (protestant, 34%: catholic, 35%)



### 2.22.1 Furloughed Employees and Childminding Arrangements Should they Need to Return to Work

Among furloughed employees with school-aged children, and with childminding needs (n=72), most (61%) said they have childminding arrangements in place should they need to return to work, with 39% saying they do not have childminding arrangements in place.

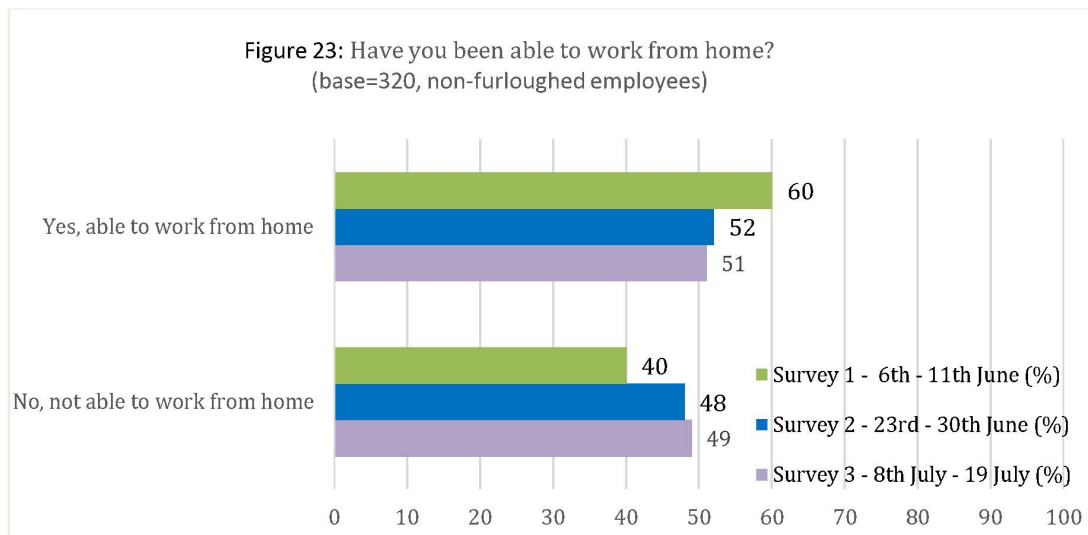
*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



### 2.23 Working from Home During the Pandemic

Among non-furloughed employees, 51% said they have been able to work from home during the pandemic, with 49% unable to work from home.

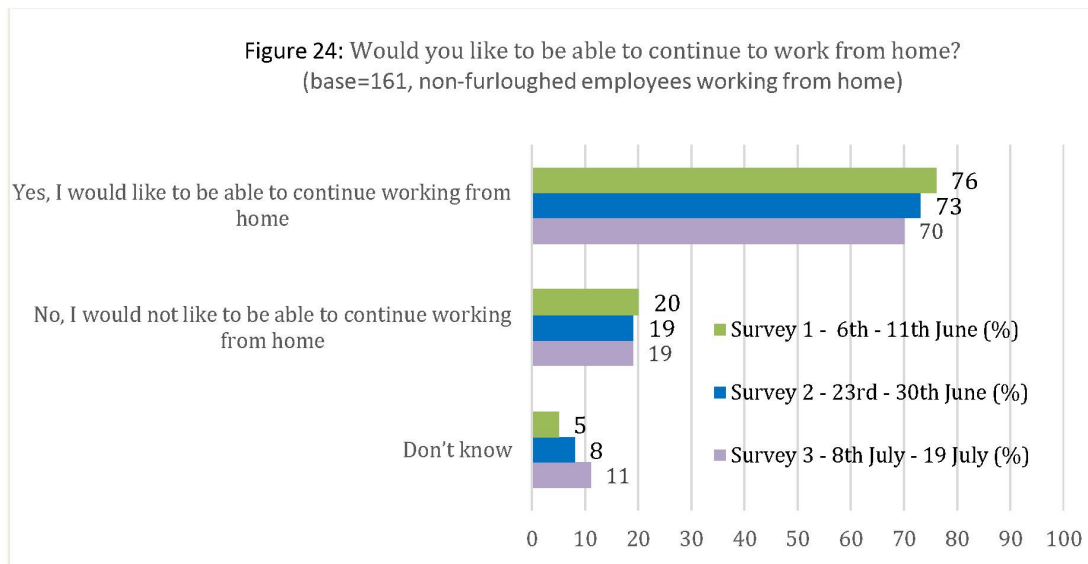
*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



### 2.23.1 Like to Continue Working from Home

Non-furloughed employees were asked if they would like to continue to be able to work from home, with 70% saying they would, 19% said they would not and 11% were unsure.

*[note that there was no statistically significant difference in response between surveys]*



#### Differences between Respondent Groups

- **Gender:** There was no significant difference by gender in relation to wanting to be able to continue to work from home (male, 65%: female, 75%)
- **Age:** There was no significant difference by age in relation to wanting to be able to continue to work from home (16-39, 75%: 40-64, 66%: 65+, 80%)
- **Social class:** There was no significant difference by social class in relation to wanting to be able to continue to work from home (ABC1, 71%: C2DE, 69%)
- **Community background:** There was no significant difference by community background and wanting to be able to continue to work from home (protestant, 73%: catholic, 70%)

## Appendix 1 (Questionnaire)

**SECTION A: PREVENTING THE SPREAD OF CORONAVIRUS**

**First I want to ask you about Coronavirus and the measures the NI Executive are putting in place.**

- A1. Is the Northern Ireland Executive putting in place the right measures in response to Coronavirus? **(Single code)**

Yes	1
No	2
Don't know	3

- A2. Please say if you agree or disagree with the following statements in relation to the Northern Ireland Executive and Coronavirus. **(Single code for each statement)**

	Strongly agree	Agree	Neither agree nor disagree	Disagree	Strongly disagree
I am getting the information I need from the NI Executive	1	2	3	4	5
I think the information from the NI Executive is accurate	1	2	3	4	5
I trust the information that is being provided by the NI Executive	1	2	3	4	5

- A3. How confident are you that the Northern Ireland Executive has a clear plan to ease the lockdown and get the country back to normal? **(Single code)**

Very confident	1
Confident	2
Not very confident	3
Not at all confident	4

- A4. How confident are you that businesses and public services will be given the tools and resources they need to get the country back to normal safely? **(Single code)**

Very confident	1
Confident	2
Not very confident	3
Not at all confident	4

- A5. Do you think the NI Executive has the right balance between protecting the economy and healthcare? **(Single code)**

Yes, they have the balance right	1
No, there should be more emphasis on protecting the economy	2
No, there should be more emphasis on healthcare	3
Don't know	4

- A6. How confident are you that the Northern Ireland Executive is putting in place the right measures to support the economy? **(Single code)**

Very confident	1
Confident	2
Not very confident	3
Not at all confident	4

- A7. How confident are you that the health service in Northern Ireland is able to cope with the outbreak? **(Single code)**

Very confident	1
Confident	2
Not very confident	3
Not at all confident	4

- A8. How confident are you that the Northern Ireland Executive put the right measures in place to deal with coronavirus in the health and social care service? **(Single code)**

Very confident	1
Confident	2
Not very confident	3
Not at all confident	4

## SECTION B: PREVENTING THE SPREAD OF CORONAVIRUS

These next questions ask you about measures to limit the spread of Coronavirus.

- B1. Coronavirus testing is used to diagnose whether someone has the virus or not. Do you think the NI Executive is putting enough resources into testing? **(Single code)**

Yes	1
No	2
Don't know	3

- B2. Do you think the NI Executive is doing enough to provide Personal Protective Equipment (or PPE) for health staff? **(Single code)**

Yes	1
No	2
Don't know	3

- B3. How strictly have you followed social distancing rules for the last week? **(Single code)**

Very strictly	1
Strictly	2
Not very strictly	3
Not at all strictly	4

- B4. Thinking about the recovery plan measures the NI Executive have put in place to relax the restrictions, do you think the restrictions have been relaxed at the right time, too quickly or too slowly. **(Single code)**

I am content with the relaxation measures the NI Executive have put in place	1
The NI Executive have relaxed the restrictions too quickly	2
The NI Executive have relaxed the restrictions too slowly	3
Don't know	4



- B5. On a scale from 0 to 10 where 0 is not at all important and 10 is very important, how important do you believe it is to open each of the following services? **(Score each service)**

	Score (0-10)
Hairdressers	
Clothes shops	
Hotels	
Restaurants	
Bars	
Churches	
Holiday homes/caravans	

- B6. How likely are you to take a flight before September of this year? **(Single code)**

Very likely	1
Likely	2
Not very likely	3
Not at all likely	4

- B7. Will you holiday at home, abroad or home and abroad this year? **(Single code)**

Holiday at home	1
Holiday abroad	2
Holiday at home and abroad	3
No, will not holiday this year	4
Don't know	5

- B8. If you could use the Coronavirus crisis to change **one thing** for the better, what would it be?

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- B9. Would you send your children back to school if they reopened tomorrow? **(Single code)**

Yes	1
No	2
Don't have any school-aged children	3
Don't know	4

- B10. The government is considering developing an app for contact tracing. Would you download a contact tracking app? **(Single code)**

Yes	1
No	2
Don't know	3

- B11. Overall, how well do you think the **Northern Ireland Executive** is performing in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic? Are they doing very well, quite well, quite badly or very badly?

Very well	1
Quite well	2
Quite badly	3
Very badly	4
Don't know	[5]

- B12. And how well do you think the **First Minister** (Arlene Foster) is performing in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic? Is she doing very well, quite well, quite badly or very badly?

Very well	1
Quite well	2
Quite badly	3
Very badly	4
Don't know	[5]

- B13. And how well do you think the **Deputy First Minister** (Michelle O'Neill) is performing in dealing with the Coronavirus pandemic? Is she doing very well, quite well, quite badly or very badly?

Very well	1
Quite well	2
Quite badly	3
Very badly	4
Don't know	[5]

### SECTION C: ABOUT YOU

- C1. Are you...? (Single Code)

Male	Female	Prefer not to say
1	2	3

- C2. What age are you?

- C3. What is your current employment status? (Single Code)

Self-employed	1
Working full-time	2
Working part-time	3
Seeking work for the first time	4
Unemployed, i.e. not working but actively seeking work	5
Not actively seeking work but would like to work	6
Not working and not seeking work	7
Looking after home and family	8
Unable to work due to permanent illness or disability	9
Student (full time)	10
Student (part time)	11
On a government or other training scheme / apprenticeship	12
Retired	13
Other (please specify)	14

### ASK IF C3 EQ 1, 2 OR 3

- C4. Do you work in the public sector, private or voluntary/community/ charity sector? (Single code)

Public sector	1
Private sector	2
Voluntary, community or charity	3

**ASK IF C3 EQ 1, 2 OR 3**

C5. Have you been furloughed by your employer?

Yes	1
No	2

**ASK IF C3 EQ 1, 2 OR 3**

C6. Do you have school-aged children under the age of 16?

Yes	1
No	2

**ASK IF C3 EQ 1, 2 OR 3 AND C7 EQ 1**

C7. Do you have childminding arrangements in place if you had to return to work?

Yes	1
No	2
Don't have any childminding needs	3

**ASK IF C3 EQ 1, 2 OR 3 AND C6 EQ 2**

C8. Have you been able to work from home?

Yes	1
No	2

**ASK IF C3 EQ 1, 2 OR 3 AND C9 EQ 1**

C9. Would you like to be able to continue to work from home?

Yes	1
No	2
Don't know	3

C10. Which council area do you live in? **(Single code)**

Antrim and Newtownabbey Borough Council	1
Ards and North Down	2
Armagh City, Banbridge and Craigavon	3
Belfast	4
Causeway Coast and Glens	5
Derry and Strabane	6
Fermanagh and Omagh	7
Lisburn and Castlereagh	8
Mid and East Antrim	9
Mid Ulster	10
Newry, Mourne and Down	11

C11. Are your day to day activities limited because of a health problem or disability which has lasted or is expected to last, at least 12 months? Include problems which are due to ageing. **(Single Code)**

Yes, limited a lot	1
Yes, limited a little	2
No	3

C12. What is your highest educational qualification? **(Single Code)**

Degree Level or higher	1
BTEC (Higher), BEC (Higher), TEC (Higher), HNC, HND	2
GCE A 'Level (including NVQ Level 3)	3
BTEC (National), BEC (National), TEC (National), ONC, OND	4
GCSE (including NVQ Level 2), GCE O' Level (including CSE Grade 1), Senior Certificate, BTEC (General), BEC (General)	5
CSE (Other than Grade 1)	6
Other (Please specify)	7
No formal qualification	8

**ADDITIONAL PANEL VARIABLES**

Community background [protestant/catholic/none/other/refused]

SEG [A,B,C1,C2,D,E]