CSC-SGoR(10)13th Conclusions

CABINET SUB-COMMITTEE ON SCOTTISH GOVERNMENT RESILIENCE (LESSONS LEARNED)

MINUTES OF MEETING HELD IN SGOR MEETING ROOM, ST ANDREW'S HOUSE, EDINBURGH **AT 12.30 PM ON WEDNESDAY, 14 APRIL 2010**

Present: Nicola Sturgeon MSP Cabinet Secretary for Health and Wellbeing (Chair) John Swinney MSP Cabinet Secretary for Finance and Sustainable Growth Cabinet Secretary for Justice

Kenny MacAskill MSP Richard Lochhead MSP Cabinet Secretary for Rural Affairs

and the Environment

Michael Russell MSP Cabinet Secretary for Education and Lifelong Learning

[Redacted] [Redacted]

Roseanna Cunningham Minister for Environment

MSP

NR

In Attendance: Head of Scottish Resilience NR Head of Strategy Unit, Scottish

Resilience

Senior Medical Officer Dr Andrew Riley Jonathan Pryce Director of Transport

Deputy Director, Pandemic Flu Co-Joe Griffin

ordination

NR Acting Deputy Director, Pandemic

Flu Division

Chief Road Engineer and Director, Jim Barton

Transport Scotland

Head of Network Operations

Head of News

Cabinet Secretariat

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Apologies

1. Apologies were received from the First Minister and the Minister for Transport, Infrastructure and Climate Change.

Lessons identified from Flooding and Severe Weather (Paper CSC-SGoR(10)09)

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Influenza A(H1N1) Pandemic: Review of the Scottish Government Response

(Paper CSC-SGoR(10)10)

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- 7. Ms Sturgeon introduced paper CSC-SGoR(10)10 which provided an assessment of the Scottish Government's response to the Influenza A(H1N1) pandemic and identified a number of lessons to be learned. She said that a review had been carried out by officials in the Scottish Government Health Directorates and in the Pandemic Flu Teams to assess the organisation's response to the pandemic and to identify the lessons learned. The SCGs had been asked to collate lessons learned at a local level. She said that there was also a wider UK Review into the pandemic, chaired by NR, and the information gathered by the Scottish Government's lessons learned exercise would feed into the wider review, which was expected to report before the summer recess.
- 8. It was understood that NHS Boards intended to separately identify lessons learned, and this would be particularly important, as at times the NHS in Scotland had been severely tested in some areas, particularly those Boards which had experienced the first clusters of infection in individual communities. Overall, NHS Boards had coped extremely well with the demands that responding to the pandemic had placed on them. The flow of information had been excellent and the early information received from NHS Boards had been a key reason for the Scottish Government responding to the pandemic so well. She said that it would be important to consider both the responsibility and structure in the Scottish Government, in particular to determine the responses which were driven by either Health Directorates; SGoRR; or the UK Government.
- 9. In discussion the following points were made: CSC-SGoR(10)13th Conclusions 6

(a) A thorough lessons learned exercise was planned with NHS Boards;

(b) It would be important for the Scottish Government to further consider its

own resilience for incidents;

(c) There had been occasions when the UK Government's public

communications campaign information had conflicted with the Scottish

Government's public communications campaign and it would be important to

work to avoid such conflict in future. In addition the co-ordination of Scottish

Government communications with the local demand for communications was

particularly important, especially in a containment phase;

(d) The phases of the pandemic should be considered further, in particular

whether the containment phase had lasted too long. Consideration should

also be given to whether it would be necessary, on occasions, for Scotland to

diverge from the rest of the UK in phases, whilst maintaining strong co-

ordination in other areas with the rest of the UK;

(e) There was much to be proud of in the Scottish Government's response to

the pandemic, in particular the work which the Pandemic Flu Team had

carried out; and

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(f) Future consideration and analysis would be required for planning assumptions, in particular the pandemic response had at times focused on the worst case scenarios, which may not have been essential at all times.

10. The Cabinet Sub-Committee noted the paper. (Action: Scottish Resilience)

Developing the Scottish Government's Role in Coordinating the National Emergency Response (Paper CSC-SGoR(10)11)

- 11. NR introduced paper CSC-SGoR(10)11) which analysed the implications of the lessons identified from the recent emergencies for the Scottish Government's role in coordinating national emergency responses. He said that the requirement for SGoRR to be activated had greatly increased over the last 3 years, which included activation for the fuel shortages in 2008, the flu pandemic and an increasing number of weather related incidents. Scottish Resilience would shortly undertake a significant review of SGoRR's capacity and its capability to support enhanced national decision making in the light of the lessons learned and this would include options for improvements in accommodation, IT, training, and staffing.
- 12. He said that the lessons learned would also provide an opportunity to develop SGoRR as a national emergency information analysis and decision-making hub, which was in line with the shared services agenda and National Performance Framework. It was planned to have discussions with COSLA, ACPOS, and the Chief Fire Officers' Association Scotland on the option of co-locating mutual aid CSC-SGoR(10)13th Conclusions

coordination centres for police, fire and local authorities with SGoRR. Such

coordination would enable organisations to share resources and allow for a more

streamlined approach to the collection and analysis of information. It would also

provide greater clarity to the SCGs, as to where responsibilities lay in an emergency

and would assist in swifter, joined-up decision-making, including on issues such as

national mutual aid, public communications and engagement with the UK

Government.

13. In discussion the following points were made:

(a) It would be important to ensure key stakeholder buy-in to any proposed

changes to the coordination of national emergency responses. To assist with

this it was planned to have an event at the end of summer to which relevant

stakeholders would be invited to share their views on the proposed changes;

(b) It would be helpful if the organisation developed communications with the

aim of providing a better understanding of emergency stakeholders, and other

relevant agencies roles.

14. The Cabinet Sub-Committee agreed that plans should be developed for

enhancing the SGoRR response function in collaboration with key stakeholders.

(Action: Scottish Resilience)

Any Other Business

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15. None.

Cabinet Secretariat

July 2010

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